

, $a_n = 3n - 12$

. $a_1 = 3 \cdot 1 - 12 = -9$

. $b_n = 2a_n + 1$:

. $b_1 = 2 \cdot a_1 + 1 = 2 \cdot (-9) + 1 = -17$

. $b_n = 6n - 23$ (1)

$b_n = 2a_n + 1$

$b_n = 2(3n - 12) + 1$

$b_n = 6n - 24 + 1$

$b_n = 6n - 23$

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. $b_n = 6n - 23$ (2)

$b_{n+1} - b_n = 6(n+1) - 23 - (6n - 23)$

$b_{n+1} - b_n = 6n + 6 - 23 - 6n + 23$

$b_{n+1} - b_n = 6$

($n \geq 2$)

. $d = 6$: , ($n -$)

. :

. $b_n = 79$, $b_1 = -17$, $d = 6$.

$b_n = 79$

$b_1 + d(n-1) = 79$

$-17 + 6(n-1) = 79$

$n-1 = 16$

$n = 17$

. 17 b_n :

. 17 $a_n = 3n - 12$.

.3

, $a_2 = 3 \cdot 2 - 12 = -6$, $a_1 = -9$

.9

, $2d = 2 \cdot 3 = 6$

$S_9^{odd} = \frac{9 \cdot [2 \cdot (-9) + 6 \cdot (9-1)]}{2} = 135$

.135

a_n

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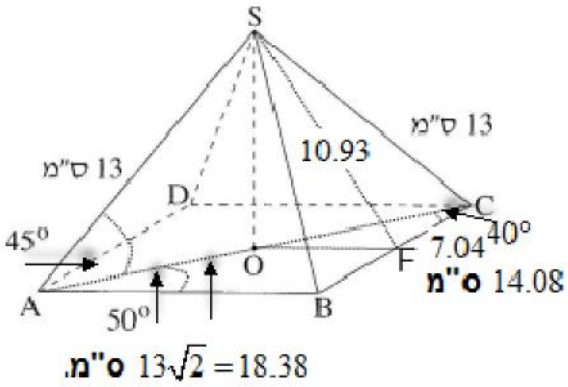
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ABCD

ΔSOA , 45°

, $AO = \frac{13}{\sqrt{2}} = 9.192$



. " $13\sqrt{2} = 18.38$

. $\angle CAB = 50^\circ$

ΔABC

$\sin 50^\circ = \frac{BC}{AC}$

$13\sqrt{2} \sin 50^\circ = BC$

$BC = 14.08$

. $2 \cdot \frac{AC \cdot BC \cdot \sin \angle ACB}{2} = 18.38 \cdot 14.08 \cdot \sin 40^\circ = 166.39$

. " 166.39

. BC -

, ()

SBC

SF .

, $CF = \sqrt{13^2 - 7.04^2} = 10.93$: SCF -

, $CF = \frac{14.08}{2} = 7.04$

. $\frac{BC \cdot SF}{2} = \frac{14.08 \cdot 10.93}{2} = 76.95$

. " 76.95 : SBC

$0 \leq x \leq f \quad f(x) = \sqrt{3} + 2 \sin(2x)$

$f(0) = \sqrt{3} + 2 \sin(2 \cdot 0) = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow (0, \sqrt{3})$

$f(f) = \sqrt{3} + 2 \sin(2 \cdot f) = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow (f, \sqrt{3})$

k	$x = \frac{f}{4} + \frac{f}{2}k$
0	$x = \frac{f}{4} \rightarrow (\frac{f}{4}, \sqrt{3} + 2)$
1	$x = \frac{3f}{4} \rightarrow (\frac{3f}{4}, \sqrt{3} - 2)$

$f'(x) = 4 \cos 2x$

$0 = 4 \cos 2x$

$0 = \cos 2x$

$2x = 90^\circ + 180^\circ k \quad : (-2)$

$x = 45^\circ + 90^\circ k \rightarrow x = \frac{f}{4} + \frac{f}{2}k$

x	0		$\frac{f}{4}$		$\frac{5f}{6}$		f
$f(x)$	$\sqrt{3}$		$\sqrt{3} + 2$		$\sqrt{3} - 2$		$\sqrt{3}$
	Min	↖	Max	↘	Min	↖	Max

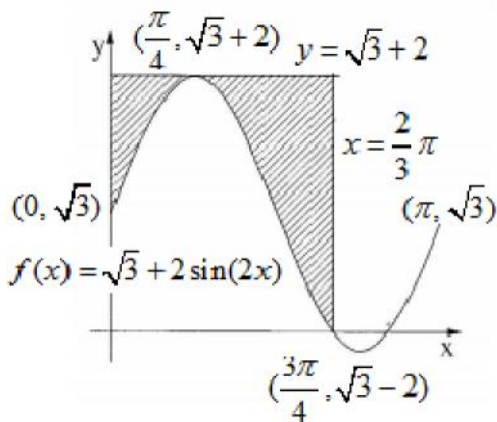
$(\frac{3f}{4}, \sqrt{3} - 2)$

$(\frac{f}{4}, \sqrt{3} + 2)$

$y = \sqrt{3} + 2$

$f(\frac{2f}{3}) = \sqrt{3} + 2 \sin(2 \cdot \frac{2f}{3}) = 0 \cdot x$

$x = \frac{2}{3}f$



$S = \int_0^{\frac{2f}{3}} (\sqrt{3} + 2 - (\sqrt{3} + 2 \sin 2x)) dx$

$S = \int_0^{\frac{2f}{3}} (2 - 2 \sin 2x) dx$

$S = (2x - \frac{2(-\cos 2x)}{2}) \Big|_0^{\frac{2f}{3}}$

$S = (2x + \cos 2x) \Big|_0^{\frac{2f}{3}}$

$x = \frac{2f}{3} : 3.689$

$x = 0 : 1$

$S = 3.689 - 1 \rightarrow S = 2.689$

2.689

$$f(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{x^2 - 3} \tag{1}$$

$$x = \pm\sqrt{3} \tag{2}$$

$$x \neq \pm\sqrt{3} \tag{3}$$

$$y = 0, \quad f(10) = 0.0000004 \rightarrow +0, \quad f(-10) = 227 \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$x = \sqrt{3}, \quad x = -\sqrt{3}, \quad x = \pm\sqrt{3}$$

$$x = \sqrt{3}, \quad x = -\sqrt{3}$$

$$f(0) = \frac{e^{-0}}{0^2 - 3} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$(0, -\frac{1}{3})$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{x^2 - 3}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-e^{-x} \cdot (x^2 - 3) - 2x \cdot e^{-x}}{(x^2 - 3)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^{-x}(-x^2 + 3 - 2x)}{(x^2 - 3)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^{-x}(-x^2 - 2x + 3)}{x^4}$$

$$0 = -x^2 - 2x + 3$$

$$x = 1 \rightarrow (1, -\frac{1}{2e})$$

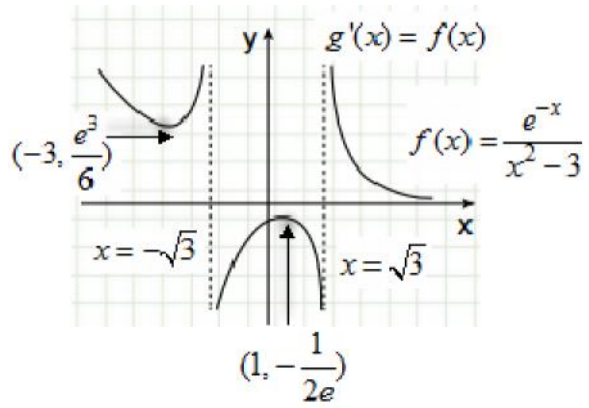
$$x = -3 \rightarrow (-3, \frac{e^3}{6})$$

$$-x^2 - 2x + 3$$

$$x = 1, \quad x = -3$$

$$(-3, \frac{e^3}{6}), \quad (1, -\frac{1}{2e})$$

$$x < -\sqrt{3}, \quad 1 < x < \sqrt{3}, \quad x > \sqrt{3} : \quad -3 < x < \sqrt{3} \quad -\sqrt{3} < x < 1 : \tag{5}$$



- $x \neq \pm\sqrt{3}$ $g(x)$, $g'(x) = f(x)$.
- $x < -\sqrt{3}$, $x > \sqrt{3}$ $, g'(x) = f(x) > 0$, $g(x)$
- $-\sqrt{3} < x < \sqrt{3}$ $, g'(x) = f(x) < 0$, $g(x)$
- $x < -\sqrt{3}$, $x > \sqrt{3}$ $g(x) :$

$x > 0$, " $g(x) = \ln 2x - f(x) = \ln x$ (1)

$g(x) = x > 0$, $f(x) : x > 0$:
 y - (2)

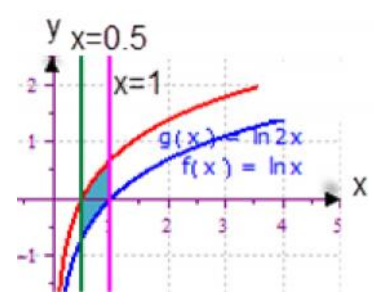
$0 = \ln 2x \rightarrow 2x = e^0 = 1$ $0 = \ln x \rightarrow x = e^0$
 $x = 0.5 \rightarrow (0.5, 0)$ $x = 1 \rightarrow (1, 0)$
 $g(x) : (0.5, 0)$, $f(x) : (1, 0)$: (3)

$\ln x = \ln 2x$
 $x = 2x$
 ~~$x = 0$~~
 :

$x > 0$ (4)

$g'(x) = \frac{2}{2x} = \frac{1}{x} > 0$ $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} > 0$
 :

(.2)



$\ln 2x - \ln x = \ln \frac{2x}{x} = \ln 2$ (1)

(2)

$S = \int_{0.5}^1 (\ln 2x - \ln x) dx = \int_{0.5}^1 (\ln 2) dx$

$S = (x \ln 2) \Big|_{0.5}^1 = \ln 2 - 0.5 \ln 2 = 0.5 \ln 2 = 0.347$

$0.5 \ln 2 = 0.347$:

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