

( " ) ( ) B - A - v -  
 . 15+v - A B 15-v  
 . ( ) B t -  
 :

s - "	v - "	t -	A -	B
5v	v	5	A -	B
5(15-v)	15-v	5	B -	
tv	v	t	B - A -	
tv	15-v	$\frac{tv}{15-v}$	A - B -	
tv	15+v	$\frac{tv}{15+v}$	B - A -	

: , 9.00

$$t = \frac{tv}{15-v} + \frac{tv}{15+v} \quad /: t > 5$$

$$(15-v)(15+v) = v(15+v) + v(15-v)$$

$$225 - v^2 = 15v + v^2 + 15v - v^2$$

$$v^2 + 30v - 225 = 0$$

$$v_{1,2} = \frac{-30 \pm \sqrt{1800}}{2}$$

$$v = 6.213 \quad (v > 0)$$

.5(15-6.213) = " 43.93 : B - , " 6.213  
 . 43.93/6.213 = 7.07 ,  
 . 9.00 , A 9.00 12.07 ,  
 . (9.04 )  
 . 9.00 :

$n = 1$  .1.

$$9 + 27 + 81 = 117 \quad ; \quad 4.5 \cdot (27^1 - 1) = 117 \quad ;$$

$n = 1$

,( )  $n = k$  .2

$$9 + 27 + 81 + \dots + 3^{3k+1} = 4.5(27^k - 1) \quad ;$$

"  $n = k + 1$  .3

$$\frac{9 + 27 + 81 + \dots + 3^{3k+1} + 3^{3k+2} + 3^{3k+3} + 3^{3k+4}}{\downarrow} = 4.5(27^{k+1} - 1)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4.5(27^k - 1) + 9 \cdot 3^{3k} + 27 \cdot 3^{3k} + 81 \cdot 3^{3k} = 4.5(27 \cdot 27^k - 1)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4.5(27^k - 1) + 9 \cdot 27^k + 27 \cdot 27^k + 81 \cdot 27^k = 4.5(27 \cdot 27^k - 1)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4.5 \cdot 27^k - 4.5 + 9 \cdot 27^k + 27 \cdot 27^k + 81 \cdot 27^k = 121.5 \cdot 27^k - 4.5$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 121.5 \cdot 27^k - 4.5 = 121.5 \cdot 27^k - 4.5$$

,  $n = k$  ,  $n = 1$  .4

.  $n$  , - ,  $n = k + 1$

$$9 + 27 + 81 + \dots + 3^{3n+1} + \dots + 3^{3n+7}$$

$3n+7$   $3n+1$   $n$   $n+2$

.  $4.5(27^{n+2} - 1)$

$n+2$  ,

.  $4.5(27^{n+2} - 1)$  :

$x$  ,  $a > 1$  ,  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - a}{x^2 - x + a}$  :

$$f(x) \tag{1}$$

$y = 1$  ,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{x^2 + x - a}{x^2 - x + a} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{x}{x^2} - \frac{a}{x^2}}{\frac{x^2}{x^2} - \frac{x}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{1+0-0}{1-0+0} = 1$

$y = 1$  :

$$\tag{2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(2x+1)(x^2 - x + a) - (2x-1)(x^2 + x - a)}{(x^2 - x + a)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x^3 - 2x^2 + 2ax + x^2 - x + a - (2x^3 + 2x^2 - 2ax - x^2 - x + a)}{(x^2 - x + a)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x^3 - 2x^2 + 2ax + x^2 - x + a - 2x^3 - 2x^2 + 2ax + x^2 + x - a}{(x^2 - x + a)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2x^2 + 4ax}{(x^2 - x + a)^2}$$

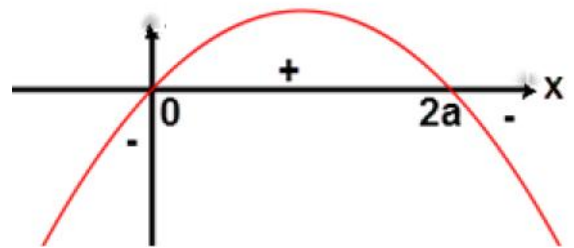
$$0 = -2x^2 + 4ax$$

$$0 = 2x(-x + 2a)$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow (0, -1)$$

$$x = 2a \rightarrow y = \frac{4a^2 + 2a - a}{4a^2 - 2a + a} \quad /:(a > 1) \rightarrow (2a, \frac{4a+1}{4a-1})$$

( )



$x = 0$  -

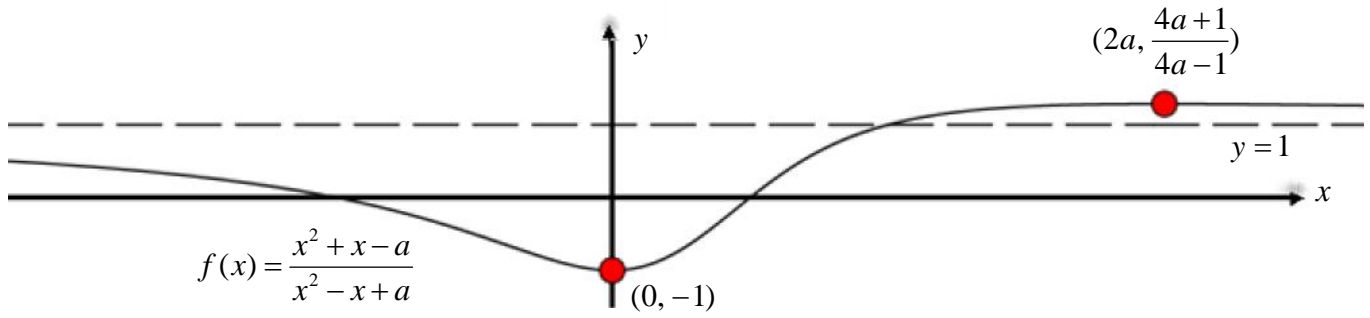
$x = 2a$  -

$$(2a, \frac{4a+1}{4a-1}) , (0, -1) :$$

"

x -

(3)

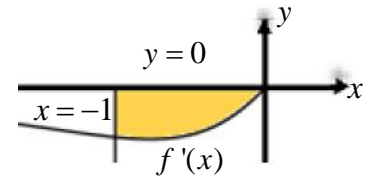


$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - a}{x^2 - x + a}$$

,  $x < 0$

:(2)

$$\cdot \frac{1}{2} -$$



$$S = \int_{-1}^0 (0 - f'(x)) dx = -f(x) \Big|_{-1}^0 = -f(0) + f(-1) = -(-1) + \frac{1-1-a}{1+1+a} = 1 - \frac{a}{2+a}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 1 - \frac{a}{2+a}$$

$$\frac{a}{2+a} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2a = 2 + a$$

$$\boxed{a = 2}$$

$$\cdot f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 2}{x^2 - x + 2}$$

$$\cdot x^2 + x - 2 = 0 \quad f(x) = 0 \quad x -$$

$$\cdot x = -2, 1 \quad (x+2)(x-1) = 0$$

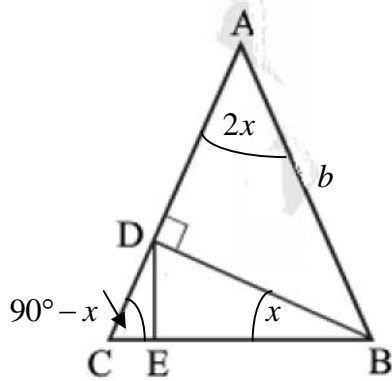
$$\cdot (-2, 0) - (1, 0) \quad x - \quad :$$

מקסימום אורך האנך DE

$\angle C = \frac{180^\circ - 2x}{2} = 90^\circ - x$  : ,  $\triangle ABC$

( , , , )

$\angle DBE = x$  ,  $\triangle DBC$



$\triangle BDE$

$\triangle ABD$

$\sin x = \frac{DE}{BD}$

$\sin 2x = \frac{BD}{AB}$

$b \sin 2x \sin x = DE$

$b \sin 2x = BD$

$\triangle BDE$

$\triangle BCD$

$\sin x = \frac{DE}{BD}$

$\sin(180^\circ - 2x) = \frac{BD}{AB}$

$b \sin 2x \sin x = DE$

$b \sin 2x = BD$

$DE(x) = b \sin 2x \sin x$  :

$(DE)'(x) = b(2 \cos 2x \sin x + \sin 2x \cos x)$

$(DE)'(x) = b(2 \cos 2x \sin x + 2 \sin x \cos x \cos x)$

$(DE)'(x) = 2b \sin x (\cos 2x + \cos^2 x)$

~~$0 = \sin x$~~   $\leftarrow 0 < x < \frac{f}{2}$

$\cos 2x + \cos^2 x = 0$

$2 \cos^2 x - 1 + \cos^2 x = 0$

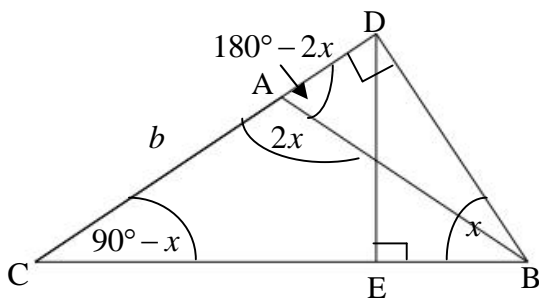
$\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{3}$

$\cos x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$

$\cos x = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \rightarrow x = 2.186 + 2fk \leftarrow 0 < x < \frac{f}{2}$

$\cos x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \rightarrow x = 0.955 + 2fk \rightarrow x = 0.955 \leftarrow 0 < x < \frac{f}{2}$

$f'(0.9) = 0.25b > 0$   
 $f'(1) = -0.21b < 0$  } max



$$, x = 0.955$$

DE -

$$. x = \frac{0.955}{f} \cdot 180^\circ = 54.72^\circ$$

$$\sphericalangle \text{BAC} = 2x = 2 \cdot 54.72^\circ$$

$$\boxed{\sphericalangle \text{BAC} = 109.43^\circ}$$

· , ,

· DE ,  $\sphericalangle \text{BAC} = 109.43^\circ$  :

.( ) A

,AF

A

.(

.(180° ) ∠BCA = 90° - (r + s) - (

.(

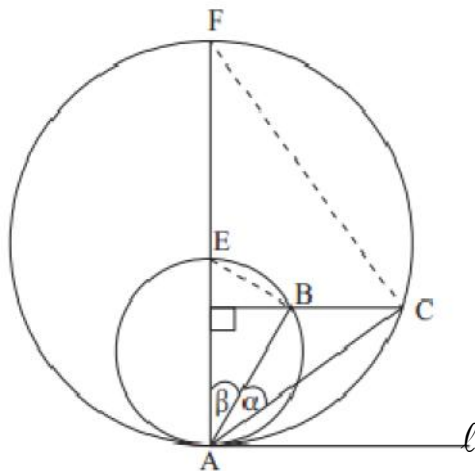
.ΔCAB -

. ∠FCA = ∠EBA = 90°

ΔABE

$$\frac{AB}{\sin(90^\circ - s)} = 2r$$

$$\boxed{AB = 2r \cos s}$$



.( ) ∠FAB = s , ∠BAC = r (1) .

EA - , FEA

ℓ

ℓ

FEA

) CB ⊥ AF ( ) BC ∥ ℓ

. ∠BCA = 90° - (r + s) :

$$\frac{AC}{AB} \cdot \frac{AC}{AB} \quad (2)$$

) ∠CBA = 90° + s

$$\frac{AC}{AB}$$

$$\frac{AC}{\sin(90^\circ + s)} = \frac{AB}{\sin(90^\circ - (r + s))}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{AC}{AB} = \frac{\cos s}{\cos(r + s)}}$$

$$\frac{AC}{AB} = \frac{\cos s}{\cos(r + s)} :$$

AE = 2r ,

AF = 2R .

ΔAFC

$$\frac{AC}{\sin(90^\circ - (r + s))} = 2R$$

$$\boxed{AC = 2R \cos(r + s)}$$

$$\frac{AC}{AB} = \frac{2R \cos(r + s)}{2r \cos s}$$

$$\frac{\cos s}{\cos(r + s)} = \frac{R \cos(r + s)}{r \cos s}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{R}{r} = \frac{\cos^2 s}{\cos^2(r + s)}}$$

$$\frac{R}{r} = \frac{\cos^2 s}{\cos^2(r + s)} :$$