

•  $C(\frac{y_1^2}{4}, y_1)$        $y^2 = 4x$        $C(x_1, y_1)$       **(1)** .

•  $D(\frac{y_2^2}{4}, y_2)$        $D(x_2, y_2)$       ,

: CD

$$m_{CD} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{\frac{y_2^2}{4} - \frac{y_1^2}{4}} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{\frac{y_2^2 - y_1^2}{4}}$$

$$m_{CD} = \frac{4(y_2 - y_1)}{y_2^2 - y_1^2} = \frac{4(y_2 - y_1)}{(y_2 + y_1)(y_2 - y_1)}$$

$$m_{CD} = \frac{4}{y_2 + y_1}$$

. :

•  $3 = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \rightarrow y_1 + y_2 = 6$       , CD       $(x, 3)$       **(2)**

$$m_{CD} = \frac{4}{y_2 + y_1} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

-

•  $m_{CD} = \frac{2}{3}$  :

•  $(1, 0)$        $x = a$        $y^2 = 4x$       **(1)** .

•  $x = -1$        $F(1, 0)$       2

•  $a = -1$  ,

•  $a = -1$  :

• 6       $x = -2$       , \_\_\_\_\_ ,  $C(\frac{y_1^2}{4}, y_1)$       **(2)**

$$\frac{y_1^2}{4} - (-2) = 6 \rightarrow y_1^2 = 16 \rightarrow y = 4 \rightarrow \boxed{C(4, 4)}$$

•  $m_{CD} = \frac{2}{3}$        $C(4, 4)$       CD

$$y - 4 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1\frac{1}{3}}$$

•  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1\frac{1}{3}$       CD      :

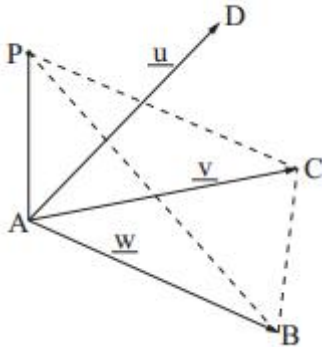
"

$\vec{AB} = \underline{w}$  ,  $\vec{AC} = \underline{v}$  ,  $\vec{AD} = \underline{u}$  ,  $\angle DAB = 90^\circ$  ,  $\angle BAC = 60^\circ$  ,  $\angle DAC = 60^\circ$  .

$\angle DAB = \angle DAC + \angle BAC = 60^\circ + 60^\circ = 120^\circ$  ,  $\underline{w} = \underline{v} + \underline{u}$

$\angle DAB = 90^\circ$

$\underline{w} = \underline{v} + \underline{u}$  :



$\vec{AD} = \underline{u}$   $|\underline{u}| = 2$   $\underline{u}^2 = 4$

$\vec{AC} = \underline{v}$   $|\underline{v}| = 2$   $\underline{v}^2 = 4$

$\vec{AB} = \underline{w}$   $|\underline{w}| = 2$   $\underline{w}^2 = 4$

$\underline{u} \cdot \underline{v} = 2$   $\underline{v} \cdot \underline{w} = 2$   $\underline{u} \cdot \underline{w} = 0$

:

$\angle DAC = 60^\circ \rightarrow \underline{u} \cdot \underline{v} = |\underline{u}||\underline{v}| \cos 60^\circ = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \cos 60^\circ = 2$

$\angle BAC = 60^\circ \rightarrow \underline{v} \cdot \underline{w} = |\underline{v}||\underline{w}| \cos 60^\circ = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \cos 60^\circ = 2$

$\angle DAB = 90^\circ \rightarrow \underline{u} \cdot \underline{w} = 0$

ABC  $\vec{AP} = a\underline{u} + b\underline{v} + \underline{w}$

$(a\underline{u} + b\underline{v} + \underline{w})\underline{w} = 0$

$a\underline{u}\underline{w} + b\underline{v}\underline{w} + \underline{w}^2 = 0$

$2b + 4 = 0 \rightarrow \underline{b} = -2$

$(a\underline{u} + b\underline{v} + \underline{w})\underline{v} = 0$

$a\underline{u}\underline{v} + b\underline{v}^2 + \underline{w}\underline{v} = 0$

$2a + 4b = 0 \rightarrow 2a + 4(-2) + 2 = 0 \rightarrow \underline{a} = 3$

$\vec{AP} = 3\underline{u} - 2\underline{v} + \underline{w}$

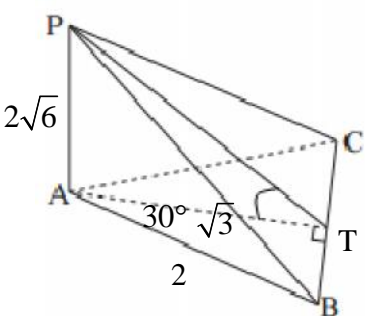
$|\vec{AP}| = \sqrt{9\underline{u}^2 + 4\underline{v}^2 + \underline{w}^2 + 6\underline{u} \cdot \underline{w} - 12\underline{u} \cdot \underline{v} - 4\underline{v} \cdot \underline{w}}$

$|\vec{AP}| = \sqrt{9 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 4 + 4 + 6 \cdot 0 - 12 \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot 2} = \sqrt{24}$

$|\vec{AP}| = 2\sqrt{6}$

$|\vec{AP}| = 2\sqrt{6}$  :

(...  $60^\circ$ )  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $AT$ .  
 $\triangle PBC$  -  $BC$  -  $PT$   $AT$  -  
 $(\triangle PAC \cong \triangle PAB)$   $\triangle PBC$   
 $, BC$   $AT - PT$   
 $(\angle PAT = 90^\circ) \triangle PTA$ ,  $\angle PTA$



$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{AT}{AB} \rightarrow AT = 2 \cos 30^\circ \rightarrow AT = \sqrt{3} : \triangle ABT$$

$$\tan \angle PTA = \frac{AP}{AT} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \boxed{\angle PTA = 70.53^\circ} : \triangle PTA$$

$$.70.53^\circ :$$

$$|z - 12 - 5i| = 7 \quad z$$

$$z = a + bi$$

$$|z - 12 - 5i| = 7$$

$$|a + bi - 12 - 5i| = 7$$

$$|(a - 12) + (b - 5)i| = 7$$

$$\sqrt{(a - 12)^2 + (b - 5)^2} = 7$$

$$(a - 12)^2 + (b - 5)^2 = 49$$

$$(12, 5) \quad , (x - 12)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 49$$

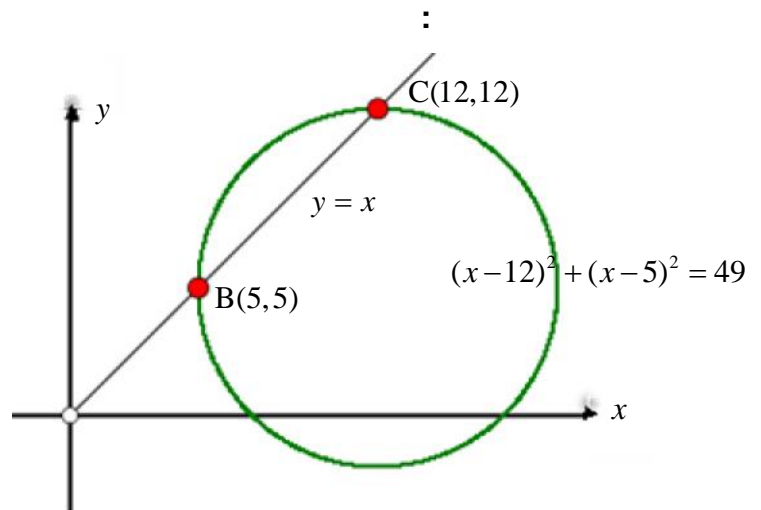
$$\arg(w) = 45^\circ \quad w$$

$$(x > 0) \quad y = x \quad m = \tan 45^\circ = 1$$

$$(x - 12)^2 + (x - 5)^2 = 49$$

$$2x^2 - 34x + 120 = 0$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{34 \pm 14}{4} \rightarrow \boxed{B(5, 5)} \quad , \quad \boxed{C(12, 12)}$$



$$z_1 = r_1 \operatorname{cis} 45^\circ, \quad z_2 = r_2 \operatorname{cis} 45^\circ$$

$$z_1 \cdot z_2 = r_1 \operatorname{cis} 45^\circ \cdot r_2 \operatorname{cis} 45^\circ = r_1 \cdot r_2 \operatorname{cis}(45^\circ + 45^\circ)$$

$$z_1 \cdot z_2 = r_1 \cdot r_2 \operatorname{cis}(90^\circ)$$

$$\arg(z_1 \cdot z_2) = 90^\circ$$

$$f(x) = 2e^{\sqrt{x}}$$

(1)

$$x \geq 0 :$$

$$f'(x)$$

(2)

$$(f(x))$$

)

$$f'(x) = \frac{2e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \boxed{f'(x) = \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{\frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}}}{x} = \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x} - e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2x\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\boxed{f''(x) = \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{2x\sqrt{x}}}$$

$$\sqrt{x} - 1 = 0 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$f''(0.5) = \frac{(+)(-)}{+} < 0, \quad f''(2) = \frac{(+)(+)}{+} > 0$$

$$0 < x < 1 \text{---}, \quad x > 1 \text{---} :$$

$$y = 2 \cdot f'(x)$$

( )

$$x = 1$$

$$f'(x)$$

$$x -$$

( ) 2

$$y(1) = 2f'(1) = 2 \cdot \frac{e^{\sqrt{1}}}{\sqrt{1}} = 2e \rightarrow \boxed{(1, 2e)}$$

$$y = 2e^{\sqrt{x^2}} \rightarrow y = 2e^x$$

$$x > 0$$

$$y = f(x^2)$$

$$y = f(x^2)$$

$$(1, 2e)$$

$$y = 2e^1 = 2e$$

$$x = 1$$

$$(1, 2e) :$$

• (1, 2e)

$$y = 2 \cdot f'(x)$$

$$(x > 0) \quad y = f(x^2) = 2e^x$$

$$, y = 2 \cdot f'(2) = 2 \cdot \frac{e^{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{2}} = 5.817$$

$$y = f(2^2) = 2e^2 = 14.78 \quad x = 2$$

$$y = f(x^2) = 2e^x \quad x > 1$$

• (a > 1)  $x = a$  -  $x = 1$

$$, 8e - 2 \cdot f(a)$$

$$S = \int_1^a (2e^x - 2 \cdot f'(x)) dx =$$

$$S = 2e^x - 2f(x) \Big|_1^a$$

$$S = (2e^a - 2 \cdot f(a)) - (2e^1 - 2 \cdot 2e^{\sqrt{1}})$$

$$\boxed{S = 2e^a - 2 \cdot f(a) + 2e}$$

$$2e^a - 2 \cdot f(a) + 2e = 8e - 2 \cdot f(a)$$

$$2e^a = 6e$$

$$e^a = 3e$$

$$a = \ln 3e = \ln 3 + \ln e$$

$$\boxed{a = 1 + \ln 3}$$

$$. a = 1 + \ln 3 :$$

$$M_t = M_0 \cdot q^t$$

$$M_t - M_0 = M_0 (q^t - 1)$$

$$5,900 = 8,000 (q^t - 1) \quad 1.1.2012$$

$$q = \frac{100+0.2}{100} = 1.002 \quad 0.2\%$$

$$8,000 \quad 1.1.2012$$

$$q = \frac{100+1.2}{100} = 1.012 \quad 1.2\%$$

$$60\% = 0.6$$

$$0.6 \cdot 8,000 \cdot 1.012^t = 5,900 \cdot 1.002^t$$

$$0.6 \cdot 8,000 \cdot 1.012^t = 5,900 \cdot 1.002^t$$

$$\frac{48}{59} = \frac{1.002^t}{1.012^t}$$

$$\frac{48}{59} = \left(\frac{1.002}{1.012}\right)^t$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{48}{59}\right) = \ln\left(\frac{1.002}{1.012}\right)^t$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{48}{59}\right) = t \ln\left(\frac{1.002}{1.012}\right)$$

$$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{48}{59}\right)}{\ln\left(\frac{1.002}{1.012}\right)} = t$$

$$\boxed{t \approx 20.78}$$

$$, \quad 21 \quad :$$

$$f(x) = x^n \cdot \ln(x^n) \tag{1}$$

$$x^n > 0$$

$$x \neq 0 \tag{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-x)^n &= x^n \\ f(-x) &= (-x)^n \cdot \ln((-x)^n) \\ f(-x) &= x^n \cdot \ln(x^n) \\ f(-x) &= f(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$0, x \tag{3}$$

$$f(x) = x^n \cdot \ln(x^n)$$

$$f(x) = x^n \cdot \ln(x^n)$$

$$f'(x) = nx^{n-1} \ln x^n + x^n \cdot \frac{nx^{n-1}}{x^n}$$

$$f'(x) = nx^{n-1} (\ln x^n + 1)$$

$$\ln x^n + 1 = 0$$

$$\ln x^n = -1$$

$$x^n = e^{-1}$$

$$x^n = \frac{1}{e} \rightarrow x = \pm \left(\frac{1}{e}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$f(x) = x^n \cdot \ln(x^n)$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{e}\right) = \frac{1}{e} \cdot (-1)$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{e}\right) = -\frac{1}{e}$$

, x , y -

$$y = -\frac{1}{e} :$$

"