

• , , x% .
• 200

$$\left(\frac{100-x}{100}\right) \cdot 200$$

$$\left(\frac{100-x}{100}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{100-x}{100}\right) \cdot 200$$

$$, 144.5 , , q = \frac{100-x}{100}$$

$$. 200 \cdot q^2 = 144.5$$

$$q^2 = \frac{144.5}{200}$$

$$q^2 = 0.7225$$

$$q = 0.85 \leftarrow q > 0$$

$$. 100\% - q > 0$$

$$0.85 = \frac{100-x}{100}$$

$$85 = 100 - x$$

$$\boxed{x = 15}$$

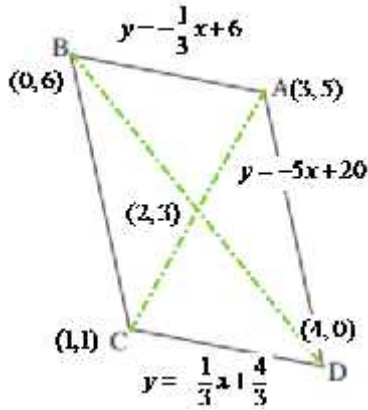
.15 :

$$. 200 \quad 144.5$$

$$. 200 - 144.5 = 55.5$$

$$. \frac{55.5}{200} \cdot 100 = \boxed{27.75}$$

.27.75 :



. A

$$\begin{cases} y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 6 \\ y = -5x + 20 \end{cases}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}x + 6 = -5x + 20$$

$$4\frac{2}{3}x = 14$$

$$x = 3 \rightarrow y = -5 \cdot 3 + 20 = 5 \rightarrow A(3,5)$$

. C

$$(2,3) \quad A(3,5)$$

$$2 = \frac{3+x_C}{2} \quad 3 = \frac{5+y_C}{2}$$

$$4 = 3 + x_C \quad 6 = 5 + y_C$$

$$x_C = 1 \quad y_C = 1$$

C(1,1)

.C(1,1) :

AB $-\frac{1}{3}$ CD

$$m_{CD} = -\frac{1}{3}, \quad C(1,1)$$

$$y - 1 = -\frac{1}{3}(x - 1)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$$

. D

$$\begin{cases} y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{4}{3} \\ y = -5x + 20 \end{cases}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{4}{3} = -5x + 20$$

$$4\frac{2}{3}x = \frac{56}{3}$$

$$x = 4 \rightarrow y = -5 \cdot 4 + 20 = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{D(4,0)}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \cdot B \\
 (2, 3) \quad D(4, 0) \\
 2 = \frac{4 + x_B}{2} \quad 3 = \frac{0 + y_B}{2} \\
 4 = 4 + x_B \quad 6 = y_B \\
 x_B = 0
 \end{array}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{r} \cdot B \\ (2, 3) \quad D(4, 0) \\ 2 = \frac{4 + x_B}{2} \quad 3 = \frac{0 + y_B}{2} \\ 4 = 4 + x_B \quad 6 = y_B \\ x_B = 0 \end{array}} \right\} \boxed{B(0, 6)}$$

· B(0, 6) , D(4, 0) :

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \cdot \\
 \cdot AD \quad , -5 \quad BC \\
 m_{AC} = \frac{5-1}{3-1} = \frac{4}{2} = 2 \\
 \cdot BC \quad -1 \\
 \cdot AC \quad A \quad BC :
 \end{array}$$

$1 - p$,

$p =$.

$p = 1 - p + 0.2$

$2p = 1.2$

$p = 0.6$

0.6

:

$k = 2$,

$p = 0.6$, $n = 4$,

(1) .

$$P_4(2) = \binom{4}{2} (0.6)^2 (1-0.6)^{4-2}$$

$$P_4(2) = \frac{4!}{2!(4-2)!} \cdot 0.6^2 \cdot 0.4^2$$

$$P_4(2) = 6 \cdot 0.6^2 \cdot 0.4^2$$

$$P_4(2) = 0.3456$$

0.3456

:

6 $\binom{4}{2}$: (2)

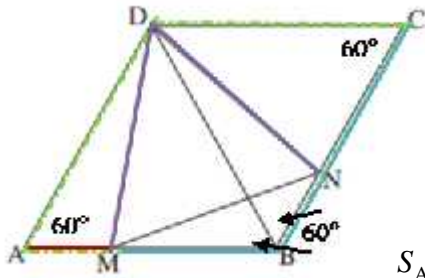
$\frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{1}{6}$

:

$1 - 0.4^4$:

$1 - 0.6^4$:

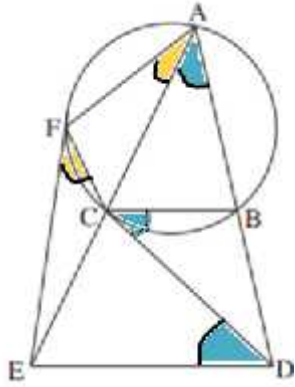


AM = BN .3 $\sphericalangle A = \sphericalangle C = 60^\circ$.2 ABCD .1

$S_{DBMN} = S$.4 :

$S_{ABCD} \cdot \triangle ADM \cong \triangle BDN \cdot \triangle MDB \cong \triangle NDC \cdot \cdot "$

	ABCD	4	1
	AB = BC	5	4
	AM = BN	6	3
	() MB = CN	7	6,5
	$\sphericalangle A = \sphericalangle C = 60^\circ$	8	2
	DC = CB	9	4
60°	DC = CB = DB	10	9,8
	() DC = DB	11	10
180° -	$\sphericalangle ABC = 120^\circ$	12	8,4
	$\sphericalangle ABD = \sphericalangle CBD = 60^\circ$	13	12,4
	() $\sphericalangle ABD = \sphericalangle C$	14	13,8
	$\triangle MDB \cong \triangle NDC$	15	11,14,7
. . .			
	() DB = AD	16	9,1
	() $\sphericalangle CBD = \sphericalangle A$	17	13,8
	$\triangle ADM \cong \triangle BDN$	18	16,17,6
. . .			
	$S_{DBMN} = S$	19	4
	$S_{\triangle ADM} = S_{\triangle BDN} = S_1$	20	15
	$S_{\triangle MDB} = S_{\triangle NDC} = S_2$	21	18
	$S = S_1 + S_2$	22	21,20,19
	$S_{ABCD} = 2S_1 + 2S_2$	23	21,20
	$S_{ABCD} = 2S$	24	23,19
. . .			



C - DC .2 BC || DE .1

F - EF .3

$EC \cdot EA = DE^2$ (2) $\sphericalangle EAD = \sphericalangle CDE$ (1) . : "

$EF = DE$. $\triangle ECF \sim \triangle EFA$.

	BC DE	4	1
	$\sphericalangle CDE = \sphericalangle BCD$	5	4
	C - DC	6	2
	$\sphericalangle BCD = \sphericalangle EAD$	7	6
	() $\sphericalangle EAD = \sphericalangle CDE$	8	7,5
(1) . . .			
	() $\sphericalangle CED = \sphericalangle DEA$	9	
	$\triangle ECD \sim \triangle EDA$	10	9,8
	$\frac{EC}{ED} = \frac{ED}{EA}$	12	11,10
	$EC \cdot EA = DE^2$	13	12
(2) . . .			
	F - EF	14	3
	() $\sphericalangle CFE = \sphericalangle FAE$	15	14
	() $\sphericalangle FEC = \sphericalangle AEF$	16	
	$\triangle ECF \sim \triangle EFA$	17	16,15
. . . .			
	$\frac{EC}{EF} = \frac{EF}{EA}$	18	17
	$EC \cdot EA = EF^2$	19	18
	$EF^2 = DE^2$	20	19,13
()	EF = DE	21	20
. . .			

$\angle BOA = 90^\circ$ - OAB .
 .() $\angle BAC = 90^\circ$, C AC
 .(, OA ,) AC || OD
 :
) C OC , CP - CA .

(, $\angle PCA = 180^\circ - 2r$ ($\triangle ABC - 180^\circ$) $\angle ACO = 90^\circ - r$
 .($180^\circ -$) $\angle D = 2r$
 () $\angle OPD = 90^\circ$

$\triangle ACO$
 $\tan r = \frac{AC}{AO}$
 $AC = R \tan r$

$\triangle OPD$
 $\sin 2r = \frac{OP}{OD}$
 $OD = \frac{R}{\sin 2r}$

P - B D , OB D
 . , ACDO

$$S_{ACDO} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (OD + AC) \cdot OA = \frac{1}{2} R \left(\frac{R}{\sin 2r} + R \tan r \right) = \boxed{0.5R^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sin 2r} + \tan r \right)}$$

$\cdot 0.5R^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sin 2r} + \tan r \right)$ ACDO :

$\cdot \frac{1}{2} R^2$ OPD .

, OP = R ,

.($\frac{R^2}{2} = \frac{R \cdot DP}{2} \rightarrow DP = R$) DP = R

. $45^\circ -$, - -

$\boxed{r = 22.5^\circ} - 2r = 45^\circ$, $\angle D = 45^\circ$ $\angle D = 2r$

. $r = 22.5^\circ$:

$$f(x) = \frac{9}{(x+1)^2} - 1$$

$x \neq -1$:

(,)

$y = -1$: , $f(-100) = -0.999 \rightarrow -1$, $f(100) = -0.999 \rightarrow -1$

$x = -1$: , $f(-0.99) = 89,999 \rightarrow +\infty$, $f(-1.01) = 89,999 \rightarrow +\infty$

(0,8)

$x = 0$ $y =$

: $y = 0$ $x =$

$$0 = \frac{9}{(x+1)^2} - 1$$

$$1 = \frac{9}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$(x+1)^2 = 9$$

$$x+1 = 3 \rightarrow x = 2 \rightarrow (2,0)$$

$$x+1 = -3 \rightarrow x = -4 \rightarrow (-4,0)$$

(-4,0) , (2,0) , (0,8) :

$y =$

$x = -1$, $x =$

$y = -1$:

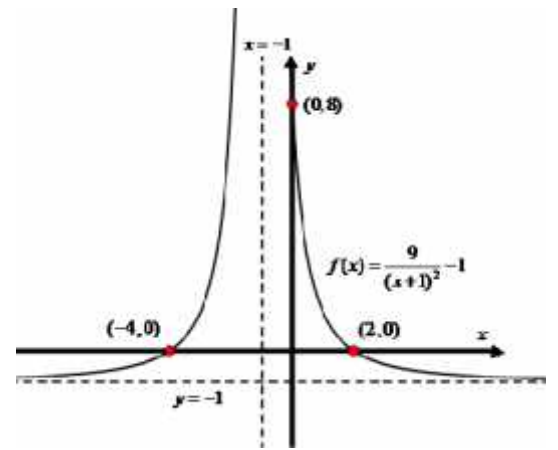
$$f'(x) = \frac{-9 \cdot 2(x+1)}{(x+1)^4}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-18(x+1)}{(x+1)^4}$$

$x < -1$,

$x > -1$, $x \neq -1$

$x < -1$, $x > -1$:



$f'(x)$

II

$f'(x)$

$x = -1$ (1)

$y = 0$ (2)

$x < -1$

II

,

$f(x)$

(3)

$x > -1$

II

,

$f(x)$

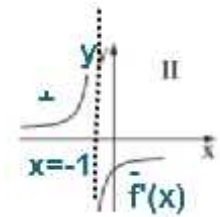
(4)

$x =$

II

x

(5)



II :

, I $f(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$ (1)

. II $g(x) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$

. $x > 1.5$ $2x-3 > 0$,

. $x > 1.5$

. $x = 1.5$, $x = 1.5$, (2)

. $x = 1.5$:

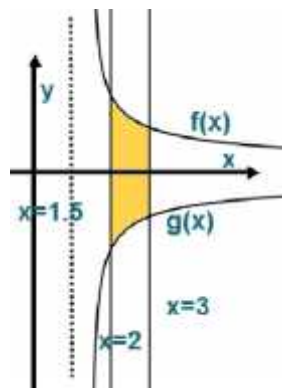
(. II $g(x) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$, I $f(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$:

. $x_A = x_B$ $y_A = 2 = -y_B$, $g(x) = -f(x)$,

$x_A = x_B = 2$ $2x-3 = 1$ $\sqrt{2x-3} = 1$ $2 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$

() $x = 3$ - $x = 2$,

.() x -



$S = 2 \cdot \int_2^3 (\frac{2}{\sqrt{2x-3}} - 0) dx =$

$S = 2 \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 2\sqrt{2x-3}}{2} \Big|_2^3 = 4\sqrt{2x-3} \Big|_2^3$

$S = (4\sqrt{2 \cdot 3 - 3}) - (4\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 - 3})$

$S = 4\sqrt{3} - 4$

. $4\sqrt{3} - 4$:

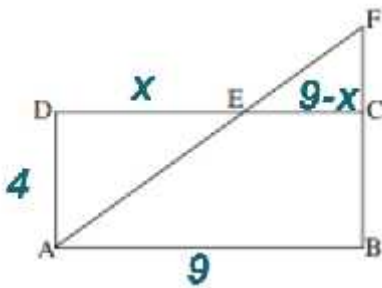
. $AB \parallel CF$ $AB \parallel BC$, , $ABCD$ - .

$\triangle ADE \sim \triangle FCE$ - $\frac{FC}{AD} = \frac{EC}{DE} = \frac{FE}{AE}$ 2

... :

. *FCE -/ ADE פתרון שני המסופקים*

. $DC = AB = 9$ $EC = 9 - x$ $DE = x$



$FC = \frac{4(9-x)}{x}$ -

. $\frac{FC}{4} = \frac{9-x}{x}$

$\frac{FC}{AD} = \frac{EC}{DE} = \frac{FE}{AE}$

$f(x) = \frac{4 \cdot x}{2} + \frac{(9-x) \cdot \frac{4(9-x)}{x}}{2}$

$f(x) = 2x + \frac{2(9-x)^2}{x}$

- $(2x^3, x^2, x)$)

$f(x) = 2x + \frac{2(81-18x+x^2)}{x}$

$f(x) = 2x + \frac{162}{x} - 36 + 2x$

$f(x) = 4x + \frac{162}{x} - 36$

$f'(x) = 4 - \frac{162}{x^2}$

$f'(x) = \frac{4x^2 - 162}{x^2}$

$4x^2 - 162 = 0$

$x^2 = 40.5$

$x = \sqrt{40.5}$

$x = \sqrt{40.5}$

. $DE = \sqrt{40.5}$: