

$a > 0, a \neq 4, \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2 - 16} = 1$

: ()

$a, a^2 \neq a^2 - 16$ (1)

$a < -4, a > 4, a^2 - 16 > 0$ (2)

$a > 4$ (2), $a > 0, a \neq 4$

$a > 4$:

$(a > 4, \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2 - 16} = 1$

$A(0, -\sqrt{a^2 - 16}), y$

$F_1(4, 0), c^2 = a^2 - (a^2 - 16) = 16, F_1(c, 0)$

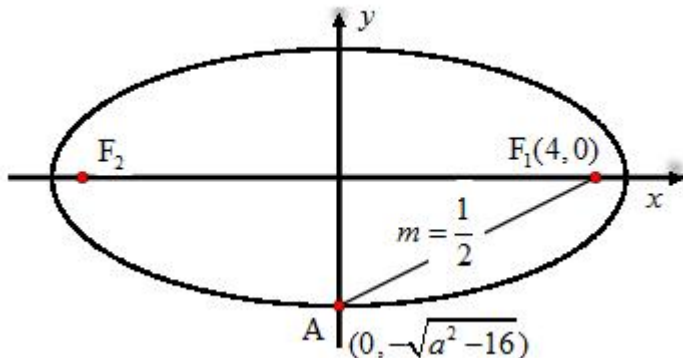
$m_{AF_1} = \tan 26.566^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$, x 26.566° AF_1

$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{-\sqrt{a^2 - 16} - 0}{0 - 4} \rightarrow \sqrt{a^2 - 16} = 2$

$a^2 - 16 = 4 \rightarrow a^2 = 20, \sqrt{-20 + 16} = 2 \rightarrow 2 = 2$ o.k.

$\frac{x^2}{20} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1, a^2 = 20$

$\frac{x^2}{20} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$

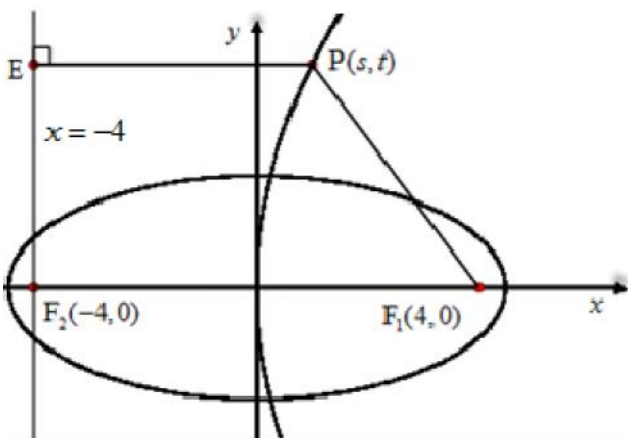


$(F_2(-4, 0)) x = -4, F_1(4, 0)$

$x = -4, F(4, 0)$

$y^2 = 16x, 8$

$PE = PF_1, P(s, t)$



$\sqrt{(s-4)^2 + (t-0)^2} = s - (-4)$

$(s-4)^2 + (t-0)^2 = (s+4)^2$

$s^2 - 8s + 16 + t^2 = s^2 + 8s + 16$

$t^2 = 16s \rightarrow y^2 = 16x$

$y^2 = 16x$

.BDC \overline{AF} $AF \perp f_{BDC}$ (1).

$$\boxed{\overline{AP} \cdot \overline{BD} = 0} \quad - \quad \overline{AP} \perp \overline{BD} \quad \text{AF} \quad \text{P} \quad :$$

.ABD \overline{CH} $CH \perp f_{ABD}$ (2)

$$\overline{CP} \cdot \overline{BD} = 0 \quad - \quad \overline{CP} \perp \overline{BD} \quad \text{CH} \quad \text{P}$$

$$\overline{AC} \cdot \overline{BD} = (\overline{AP} + \overline{PC}) \cdot \overline{BD}$$

$$\overline{AC} \cdot \overline{BD} = \overline{AP} \cdot \overline{BD} + \overline{PC} \cdot \overline{BD}$$

$$\overline{AC} \cdot \overline{BD} = 0 + 0 = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{\overline{AC} \perp \overline{BD}}$$

$$\overline{AH} \cdot \overline{BD} = 0 \quad , \overline{AH} \perp \overline{BD}$$

$$\overline{AH} \cdot \overline{BD} = (\overline{AC} + \overline{CH}) \cdot \overline{BD}$$

$$\overline{AH} \cdot \overline{BD} = \overline{AC} \cdot \overline{BD} + \overline{CH} \cdot \overline{BD}$$

$$\overline{AH} \cdot \overline{BD} = 0 + 0 = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{\overline{AH} \perp \overline{BD}}$$

. $\cos \sphericalangle CBD = \cos \sphericalangle ABD$

, $\sphericalangle CBD = \sphericalangle ABD$ $AB = AC$

$$\boxed{\overline{BD} = u} \quad \boxed{\overline{BC} = v} \quad \boxed{\overline{BA} = w}$$

$$AB = AC \rightarrow |w| = |v|$$

$$\cos \sphericalangle CBD = \cos \sphericalangle ABD$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\overline{BC} \cdot \overline{BD}}{|\overline{BC}| |\overline{BD}|} = \frac{\overline{BA} \cdot \overline{BD}}{|\overline{BA}| |\overline{BD}|}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\overline{BC} \cdot \overline{BD}}{|v|} = \frac{\overline{BA} \cdot \overline{BD}}{|w|}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{BC} \cdot \overline{BD} = \overline{BA} \cdot \overline{BD}$$

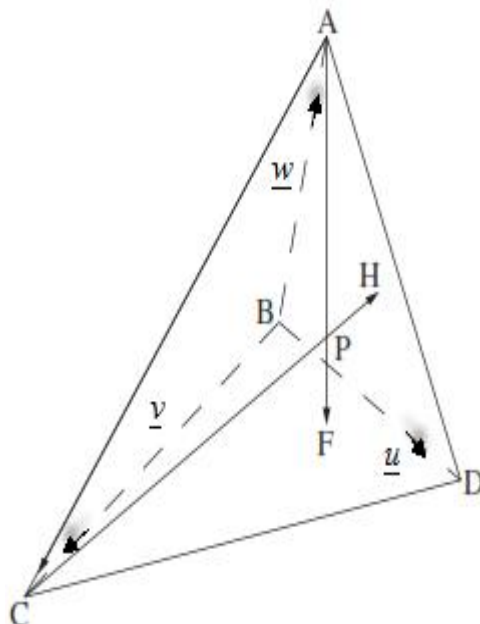
$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{BC} \cdot \overline{BD} - \overline{BA} \cdot \overline{BD} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{BD} \cdot (\overline{BC} - \overline{BA}) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{BD} \cdot (\overline{BC} + \overline{AB}) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{BD} \cdot (\overline{AB} + \overline{BC}) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{BD} \cdot \overline{AC} = 0 \quad \text{true} \leftarrow \overline{AC} \perp \overline{BD}$$



$z = 1 \operatorname{cis} \Gamma$, $z = \cos \Gamma + i \sin \Gamma$.

$w = r \operatorname{cis} S$, $|w| = r$ ($r > 0$)

$0^\circ < \Gamma, S < 90^\circ$, $0^\circ < \arg(z), \arg(w) < 90^\circ$, z, w

$z = \frac{w}{\bar{w}}$

$z = \frac{r \operatorname{cis} S}{r \operatorname{cis}(-S)} = \operatorname{cis} 2S$

$(\quad) r = 2s$ - , $0^\circ < \Gamma, S < 90^\circ$ - , $\operatorname{cis} \Gamma = \operatorname{cis} 2S$:

$0^\circ < S < 45^\circ$ - , $0^\circ < \Gamma < 90^\circ$ -

$w = r \operatorname{cis} S \rightarrow w = r \operatorname{cis} \frac{\Gamma}{2}$

$\bar{w} = r \operatorname{cis}(-\frac{\Gamma}{2})$

$\frac{1}{w} = \frac{\operatorname{cis} 0^\circ}{r \operatorname{cis} \frac{\Gamma}{2}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{w} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis}(-\frac{\Gamma}{2})$

$\frac{1}{w} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis}(-\frac{\Gamma}{2})$, $\bar{w} = r \operatorname{cis}(-\frac{\Gamma}{2})$, $w = r \operatorname{cis} \frac{\Gamma}{2}$:

$(\quad , z = 1 \operatorname{cis} \Gamma$

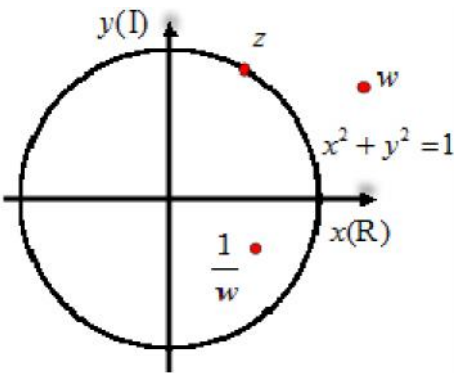
$) \frac{1}{w} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis}(-\frac{\Gamma}{2})$, $w = r \operatorname{cis} \frac{\Gamma}{2}$,

$0^\circ < \frac{\Gamma}{2} < 45^\circ$,

$w = r \operatorname{cis} \frac{\Gamma}{2} : r > 1$

$-45^\circ < -\frac{\Gamma}{2} < 0^\circ$, $\frac{1}{r} < 1$

$\frac{1}{w} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis}(-\frac{\Gamma}{2})$



$a_2 = z = \operatorname{cis} \Gamma$ - $a_1 = \frac{1}{w} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis}(-\frac{\Gamma}{2})$ a_n .

$q = \frac{a_2}{a_1} = \frac{z}{1/w} = zw = \operatorname{cis} \Gamma \cdot r \operatorname{cis} \frac{\Gamma}{2} = r \operatorname{cis} 1.5\Gamma$

$(\quad -) a_5 = a_2 q^3 = \operatorname{cis} \Gamma \cdot (r \operatorname{cis} 1.5\Gamma)^3 = \operatorname{cis} \Gamma \cdot r^3 \cdot \operatorname{cis} 4.5\Gamma = r^3 \operatorname{cis} 5.5\Gamma$

$a_5 = r^3 \operatorname{cis} 5.5\Gamma$:

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$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x-1} \cdot e^{x^2-x}$$

$$\boxed{x \geq 0.5}$$

$$2x-1 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 0.5$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2}{2\sqrt{2x-1}} \cdot e^{x^2-x} + \sqrt{2x-1} \cdot (2x-1) \cdot e^{x^2-x}$$

$$x > 0.5$$

$$, x = 0.5$$

$$, x > 0.5 \quad f'(x) > 0$$

$$x = 1$$

(1)

$$(1,1)$$

$$, f(1) = \sqrt{2 \cdot 1 - 1} \cdot e^{1^2-1} = 1$$

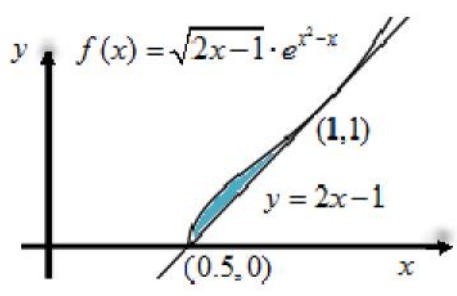
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$$, f'(1) = \frac{2}{2\sqrt{2 \cdot 1 - 1}} \cdot e^{1^2-1} + \sqrt{2 \cdot 1 - 1} \cdot (2 \cdot 1 - 1) \cdot e^{1^2-1} = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$y - 1 = 2(x - 1) \rightarrow \boxed{y = 2x - 1}$$

$$y = 2x - 1$$

(2) " "



$f(x)$ $x -$

(3)

$$V = f \int_{0.5}^1 (\sqrt{2x-1} \cdot e^{x^2-x})^2 dx - f \int_{0.5}^1 (2x-1)^2 dx$$

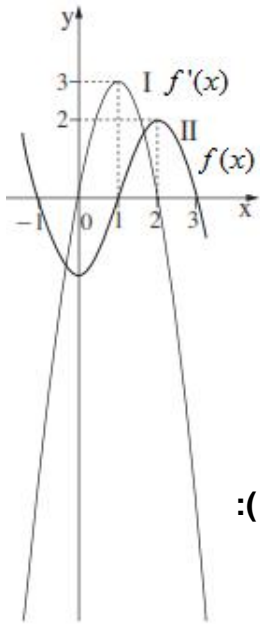
$$V = f \int_{0.5}^1 ((2x-1) \cdot e^{2x^2-2x} - (2x-1)^2) dx$$

$$V = f \int_{0.5}^1 \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{2x^2-2x} (4x-2) - (2x-1)^2 \right) dx$$

$$V = f \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{2x^2-2x} - \frac{(2x-1)^3}{2 \cdot 3} \right) \Big|_{0.5}^1$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x=1: f \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6} \right) &= \frac{1}{3} f \\ x=0.5: f \left(\frac{e^{-0.5}}{2} - 0 \right) &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{e}} f \end{aligned} \right\} \boxed{V = \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{e}} \right) f}$$

" $\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{e}} \right) f \approx 0.03f \approx 0.0945$:



$-1.1 \leq x \leq 3.1$, , .
 $-1.1 \leq x < 0$ $2 < x \leq 3.1$: , $0 < x < 2$: : I
 ,() II

$f'(x)$ I , $f(x)$ II
 $f(x)$ II :

$$g(x) = \ln(f(x))$$

$$\ln(f(x)) \quad (1)$$

$-1.1 \leq x < -1$ $1 < x < 3$, $f(x)$
 $-1.1 \leq x < -1$ $1 < x < 3$ $g(x) = \ln(f(x))$:

) , $x = -1$ - $x = 1$, $x = 3$ (2)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \ln(f(x)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \ln(0^+) = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln(f(x)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln(0^+) = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \ln(f(x)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \ln(0^+) = -\infty$$

(5)

$g(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

$x = -1$ - $x = 1$, $x = 3$:

$$g(x) = \ln(f(x)) \quad (3)$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)}$$

$x = 2$, $g(x)$, $x = 0$, I , $f'(x)$
 $x = 2$ $x = 2$

$$g(2) = \ln(f(2)) = \ln 2$$

$$(2, \ln 2), \text{ max} :$$

$$f'(x) , g'(x) \quad (4)$$

$g(x)$, $-1.1 < x < -1$, $2 < x < 3$: , $1 < x < 2$:
 $-1.1 < x < -1$, $2 < x < 3$, $1 < x < 2$ $g(x)$:

.() $f(x)$ $y=1$ (5)

. $g(x) = \ln(f(x)) = \ln(1) = 0$ - $f(x) = 1$

.() x - $g(x)$

. $\ln(1.5) < g(-1.1) < \ln(2)$ $1.5 < f(-1.1) < 2$:

