

$$p = 1 \quad y^2 = 2x$$

$$yy_0 = p(x + x_0) : y^2 = 2px$$

$$yy_A = 1 \cdot (x + x_A) \rightarrow yy_A = x + x_A \quad A(x_A, y_A)$$

$$yy_B = 1 \cdot (x + x_B) \rightarrow yy_B = x + x_B \quad B(x_B, y_B)$$

E

$$yy_A - yy_B = x_A - x_B$$

$$y_E(y_A - y_B) = x_A - x_B$$

:

$$y_C = 2y_E - y_B \quad \left(\frac{y_B + y_C}{2} = y_E \right) \quad CE = EB$$

$$y^2 = 2x$$

$$y_B^2 = 2x_B, \quad y_A^2 = 2x_A$$

$$y_C = 2 \cdot \frac{x_A - x_B}{y_A - y_B} - y_B$$

$$y_C = \frac{2x_A - 2x_B - y_A y_B + (y_B)^2}{y_A - y_B}$$

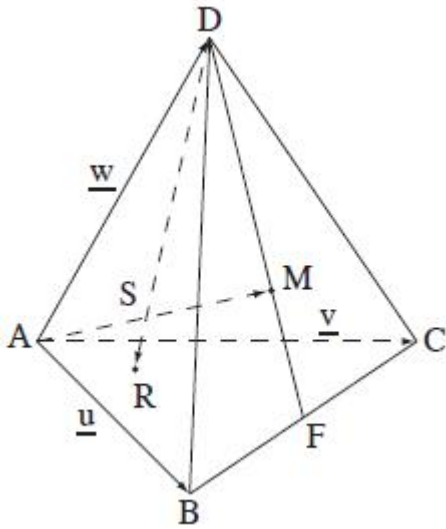
$$y_C = \frac{(y_A)^2 - \cancel{(y_B)^2} - y_A y_B + \cancel{(y_B)^2}}{y_A - y_B}$$

$$y_C = \frac{y_A(y_A - y_B)}{y_A - y_B}$$

$$y_C = y_A$$

$$x = CA$$

:



$$\overline{AB} = \underline{u}$$

$$\overline{AC} = \underline{v}$$

$$\overline{AD} = \underline{w}$$

$$\overline{AP} = \overline{PD} = \frac{1}{2}\underline{w}$$

AD

P

$$\overline{DQ} = t(\overline{DB} + \overline{DC})$$

$$\overline{DQ} = t\overline{DB} + t\overline{DC}$$

$$\overline{DQ} = -t\underline{w} + t\underline{u} - t\underline{w} + t\underline{v}$$

$$\overline{DQ} = t\underline{u} + t\underline{v} - 2t\underline{w}$$

$$\overline{PQ} = \overline{PD} + \overline{DQ}$$

$$\overline{PQ} = t\underline{u} + t\underline{v} + \left(\frac{1}{2} - 2t\right)\underline{w}$$

ABC

\overline{PQ}

$$.t = 0.25$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - 2t = 0$$

$$.v - u$$

$$.t = 0.25 :$$

$$\overline{DF} = \frac{1}{2}\overline{DB} + \frac{1}{2}\overline{DC}$$

BCD

DF (1)

,BCD

M

$$\overline{DM} = \frac{2}{3}\overline{DF}$$

2:1

$$\overline{AM} = \overline{AD} + \overline{DM}$$

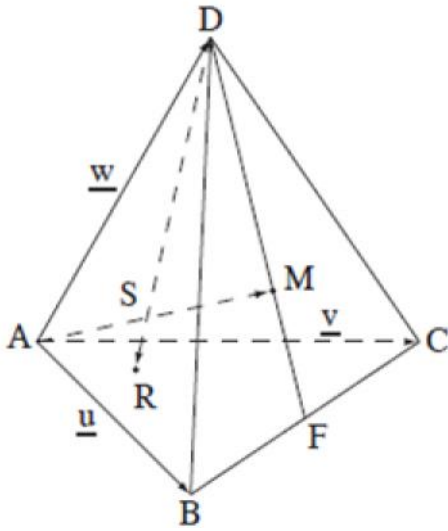
$$\overline{AM} = \overline{AD} + \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}(\overline{DB} + \overline{DC})$$

$$\overline{AM} = \underline{w} + \frac{1}{3}(-\underline{w} + \underline{u} - \underline{w} + \underline{v})$$

$$\overline{AM} = \frac{1}{3}\underline{u} + \frac{1}{3}\underline{v} + \frac{1}{3}\underline{w}$$

$$\overline{AM} = \frac{1}{3}\underline{u} + \frac{1}{3}\underline{v} + \frac{1}{3}\underline{w} :$$

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:

$$\boxed{\overrightarrow{DR} = \frac{1}{6}\underline{u} + \frac{1}{6}\underline{v} - \underline{w}} \quad (2)$$

$$\cdot \overrightarrow{DS} = s \overrightarrow{DR}, \overrightarrow{AS} = r \overrightarrow{AM} :$$

$$\boxed{\overrightarrow{DS} = \frac{1}{6}s\underline{u} + \frac{1}{6}s\underline{v} - s\underline{w}}$$

$$\cdot \overrightarrow{DS}$$

$$\overrightarrow{DS} = \overrightarrow{DA} + r \overrightarrow{AM}$$

$$\overrightarrow{DS} = -\underline{w} + r \left(\frac{1}{3}\underline{u} + \frac{1}{3}\underline{v} + \frac{1}{3}\underline{w} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\overrightarrow{DS} = \frac{1}{3}r\underline{u} + \frac{1}{3}r\underline{v} + \left(\frac{1}{3}r - 1\right)\underline{w}}$$

$$\cdot \overrightarrow{DS}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}\beta = \frac{1}{3}r \rightarrow \beta = 2r \\ \frac{1}{6}\beta = \frac{1}{3}r \rightarrow \beta = 2r \\ -\beta = \frac{1}{3}r - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$-2r = \frac{1}{3}r - 1$$

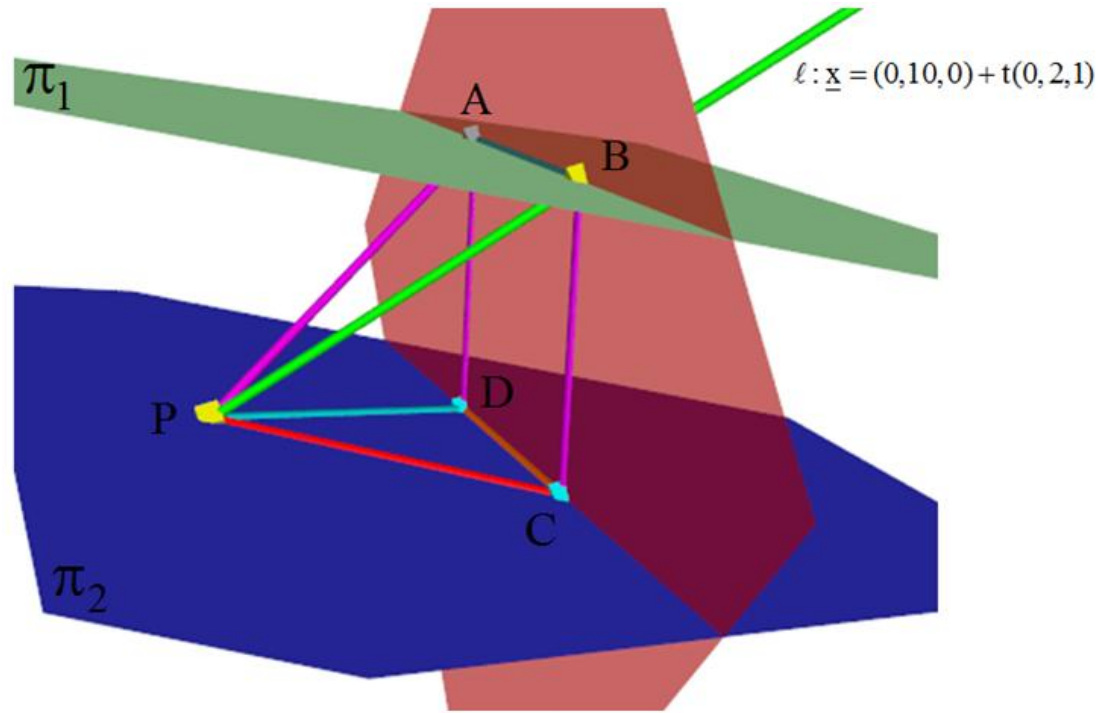
$$1 = \frac{7}{3}r$$

$$\boxed{r = \frac{3}{7}} \rightarrow \boxed{\beta = \frac{6}{7}}$$

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(AS : SM = 3 : 4)	3 : 4	AM	S
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(DS : SR = 6 : 1)	6 : 1	DR	S
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באדיבות: סרור אסעד - math007@gmail.com
פורום מתמטיקה בהנאה

$$f_2 : 2x + y + 2z - 10 = 0, f_1 : 2x + y + 2z + 10 = 0 :$$

• $\underline{x} = (2, 1, 2)$, ,
 , PABCD , ABCD AD - BC ,

• ABCD

P

• B

f_1

$$l : \underline{x} = (0, 10, 0) + t(0, 2, 1)$$

$$\cdot (0, 10 + 2t, t)$$

$$2 \cdot 0 + 10 + 2t + 2t + 10 = 0 \rightarrow t = -5 \rightarrow B(0, 0, -5) : f_1$$

$$2 \cdot 0 + 10 + 2t + 2t - 10 = 0 \rightarrow t = 0 \rightarrow P(0, 10, 0) : f_2$$

$$2 \cdot (-5) + 0 + 2z + 10 = 0 \rightarrow z = 0 \rightarrow A(-5, 0, 0) : f_1 \quad A(-5, 0, z)$$

• ABCD

$$AB = \sqrt{(-5-0)^2 + (0-0)^2 + (0-(-5))^2} = \sqrt{50}$$

$$AD = \frac{|10 - (-10)|}{\sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{20}{3} :$$

AD

"

$$\underline{x} = (a, b, c)$$

ABCD

$$\overline{AB} = B - A = \underline{x} = (5, 0, -5)$$

$$\overline{AD} = \underline{n} = (2, 1, 2)$$

$$f : (-5, 0, 0) + t(1, 0, -1) + s(2, 1, 2)$$

$$\begin{cases} (a, b, c) (1, 0, -1) = 0 & \rightarrow a - c = 0 & \rightarrow a = c \\ (a, b, c) (2, 1, 2) = 0 & \rightarrow 2a + b + 2c = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow 2c + b + 2c = 0 \rightarrow b = -4c$$

$$f : x - 4y + z + d = 0$$

$$c = 1, \quad b = -4 \quad a = 1$$

$$-5 - 4 \cdot 0 + 0 + d = 0 \rightarrow d = 5$$

$$A(-5, 0, 0)$$

$$\boxed{f : x - 4y + z + 5 = 0}$$

$$h = \frac{|0 - 4 \cdot 10 + 0 + 5|}{\sqrt{1^2 + (-4)^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{35}{\sqrt{18}} \cdot \text{ABCD}$$

P

$$V = \frac{\sqrt{50} \cdot \frac{20}{3} \cdot \frac{35}{\sqrt{18}}}{3} = 129 \frac{17}{27} :$$

$$\cdot " \quad 129 \frac{17}{27} \quad :$$

$$z \neq 0, z + \frac{1}{z} = 2 \cos S \quad (1)$$

$$z + \frac{1}{z} = 2 \cos S$$

$$z^2 + 1 = 2z \cos S$$

$$z^2 - 2z \cos S + 1 = 0$$

$$z_{1,2} = \frac{2 \cos S \pm \sqrt{4 \cos^2 S - 4}}{2}$$

$$z_{1,2} = \frac{2 \cos S \pm 2\sqrt{-(1 - \cos^2 S)}}{2}$$

$$z_{1,2} = \cos S \pm \sqrt{-\sin^2 S}$$

$$z_{1,2} = \cos S \pm i \sin S$$

$$z_1 = \cos S + i \sin S \rightarrow \boxed{z_1 = cis S}$$

$$z_2 = \cos S - i \sin S \rightarrow z_2 = \cos(-S) + i \sin(-S) \rightarrow \boxed{z_2 = cis(-S)}$$

$$z_2 = cis(-S), z_1 = cis S :$$

$$z_2 = cis(-S), z_1 = cis S, z_n + \frac{1}{z_n} \quad (2)$$

$$(cis S)^n + \frac{1}{(cis S)^n} = (cis S)^n + \frac{cis 0}{(cis S)^n} = cis(nS) + cis(-nS)$$

$$(cis S)^n + \frac{1}{(cis S)^n} = \cos(nS) + i \sin(nS) + \cos(-nS) + i \sin(-nS)$$

$$(cis S)^n + \frac{1}{(cis S)^n} = \cos(nS) + i \sin(nS) + \cos(nS) - i \sin(nS)$$

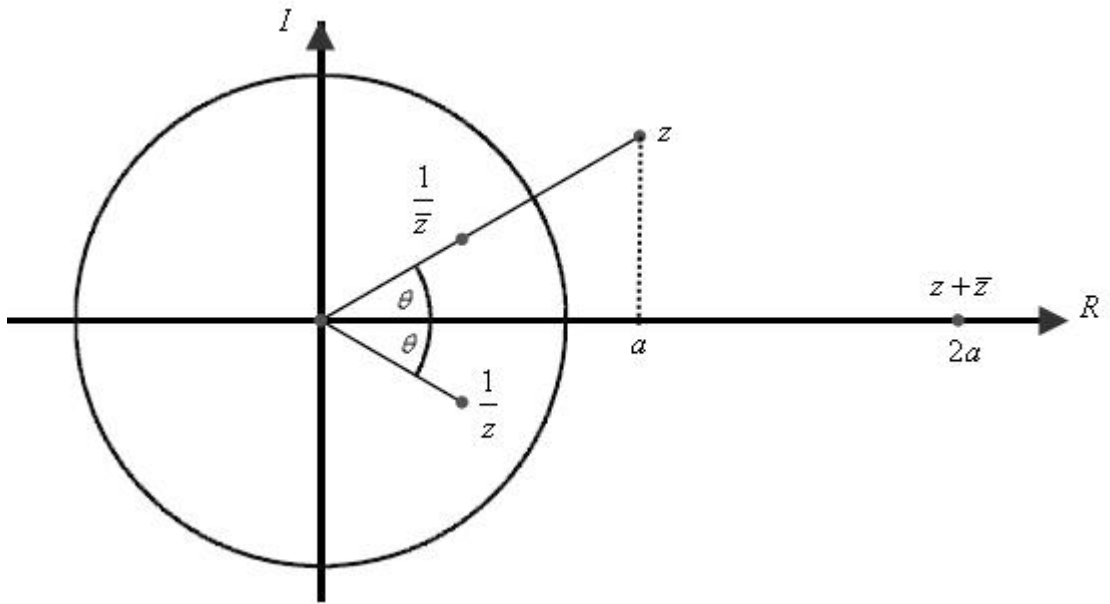
$$(cis S)^n + \frac{1}{(cis S)^n} = 2 \cos(nS)$$

$$2 \cos(nS)$$

(2) - (1)

$z = r \operatorname{cis} \theta$, z (1) .

$r > 1$ z



$$\frac{1}{z} = \frac{1 \operatorname{cis} 0}{r \operatorname{cis} \theta} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis}(-\theta)$$

$$\frac{1}{z} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis}(-\theta)$$

$$\frac{1}{z} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis}(-\theta)$$

$$\frac{1}{z} = \frac{1 \operatorname{cis} 0}{r \operatorname{cis}(-\theta)} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis} \theta \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{1}{z} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis} \theta$$

$$\frac{1}{z} = \frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cis} \theta$$

$$(z = a + bi) \quad (3)$$

$$z + \bar{z} = a + bi + a - bi = 2a$$

$x =$

$$2a$$

$$z + \bar{z}$$

(1,0)

$z + \bar{z} = 2a > 1 \implies a > 0.5$ "

$z + \bar{z} = 2a = 1 \implies a = 0.5$

$z + \bar{z} = 2a < 1 \implies a < 0.5$

$x =$

$z + \bar{z} :$

"

$b > 1$, x , $f(x) = 2^{x-3} - b$.
 $a > 1$, $x \rightarrow -\infty$, 0 , $y = a^x$ (1)

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} = 2^{x-3} - b = 0 - b = -b$

() $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y = -b$:
 (x) $a > 1$, x , $y = a^x$ (2)

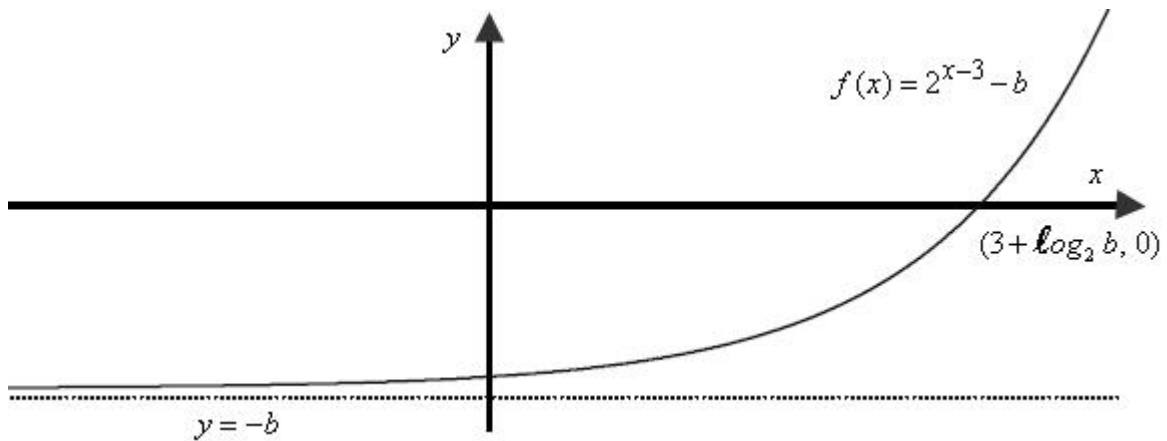
$f'(x) = 2^{x-3} \cdot \ln 2 = + \cdot + > 0$, x , $f(x) = 2^{x-3} - b$
 x - , x - :
 $y = 0$, x - (3)

$2^{x-3} - b = 0 \rightarrow 2^{x-3} = b \rightarrow x-3 = \log_2 b \rightarrow x = 3 + \log_2 b$
 $x = 0$, y -

$f(0) = 2^{0-3} - b = \frac{1}{8} - b \rightarrow (0, \frac{1}{8} - b)$

$(0, \frac{1}{8} - b)$, $(3 + \log_2 b, 0)$:

$3 + \log_2 b > 3$, $\log_2 b > 0$, $b > 1$ - , , - (4)



$$g(x) = |f(x)|$$

(1)

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} f(x) & x \geq 3 + \log_2 b \\ -f(x) & x < 3 + \log_2 b \end{cases}$$

.(" ")

$$g(x) \quad (3 + \log_2 b, 0)$$

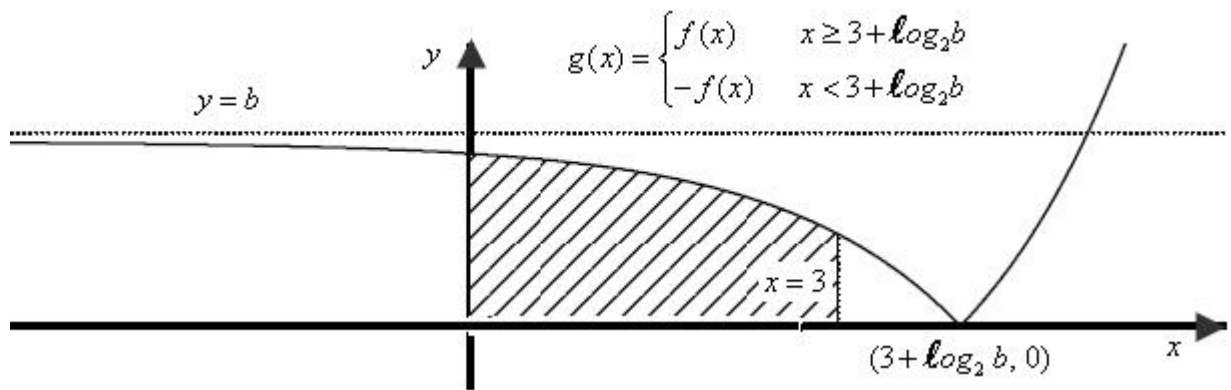
y -

$$.(\quad) \quad x \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$y = b$$

$$y = b :$$

(2)



()

$$S = \int_0^3 (g(x) - 0) dx = \int_0^3 (-f(x)) dx = \int_0^3 (-2^{x-3} + b) dx$$

$$S = -\frac{2^{x-3}}{\ln 2} + bx \Big|_0^3$$

$$S = \left(-\frac{2^{3-3}}{\ln 2} + b \cdot 3\right) - \left(-\frac{2^{0-3}}{\ln 2} + b \cdot 0\right)$$

$$S = \left(-\frac{1}{\ln 2} + 3b\right) - \left(-\frac{1}{8\ln 2}\right)$$

$$S = 3b - \frac{7}{8\ln 2}$$

$$. " \quad 3b - \frac{7}{8\ln 2} \quad :$$