

-  $P(s, t)$

$A(s, 0)$

, A

x -

x -

( )  $m_{BP} = -\frac{1}{2}$  PB  $y = 2x$   $\ell$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2x-t}{x-s}$$

$$s-x = 4x-2t$$

$$x = \frac{s+2t}{5}$$

$$B\left(\frac{s+2t}{5}, \frac{2s+4t}{5}\right) :$$

-  $AB = 8$

$$8 = \sqrt{\left(\frac{s+2t}{5} - s\right)^2 + \left(\frac{2s+4t}{5} - 0\right)^2}$$

$$64 = \frac{(2t-4s)^2}{25} + \frac{(2s+4t)^2}{25}$$

$$1600 = 4t^2 + 16st + 16s^2 + 4s^2 + 16st + 16t^2$$

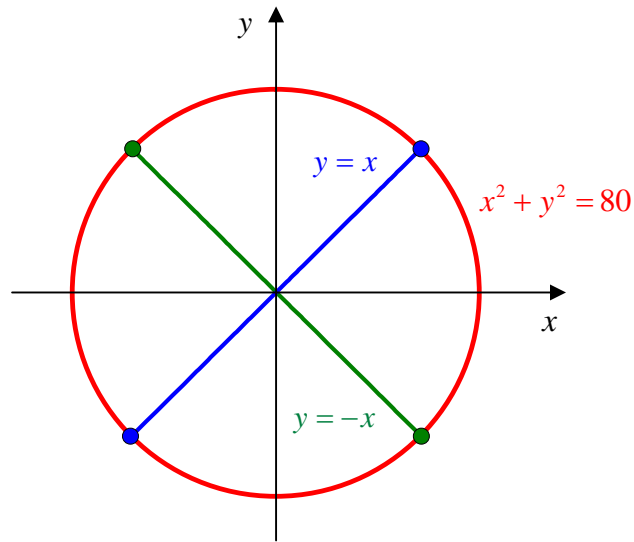
$$20s^2 + 20t^2 = 1600$$

$$s^2 + t^2 = 80$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 80$$

:

$$x^2 + y^2 = 80 : \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



$$y = -x \text{ - } y = x : \quad x^2 + y^2 = 80$$

$$\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 80 \\ y = x \end{cases}$$

$$x^2 + x^2 = 80$$

$$x^2 = 40$$

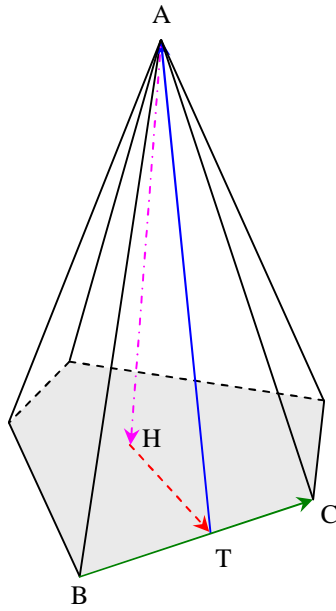
$$x = \pm\sqrt{40}$$

$$(\sqrt{40}, \sqrt{40}), \quad (-\sqrt{40}, -\sqrt{40})$$

$$y = -x$$

$$(-\sqrt{40}, \sqrt{40}), \quad (\sqrt{40}, -\sqrt{40})$$

$$(-\sqrt{40}, \sqrt{40}), \quad (\sqrt{40}, -\sqrt{40}), \quad (\sqrt{40}, \sqrt{40}), \quad (-\sqrt{40}, -\sqrt{40}) : \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



$$\overline{TA} \cdot \overline{BC} = 0 \quad , \overline{BC} \quad \overline{TA}$$

$$, \overline{AH} \cdot \overline{HT} = \overline{AH} \cdot \overline{BC} = 0 \quad , \quad \overline{AH}$$

$$\overline{TA} \cdot \overline{TH} = \overline{TA} \cdot \overline{BH}$$

$$\overline{TA} \cdot \overline{TH} = \overline{TA} \cdot \overline{BH}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{TA} \cdot \overline{TH} - \overline{TA} \cdot \overline{BH} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{TA} \cdot (\overline{TH} - \overline{BH}) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{TA} \cdot (\overline{TH} + \overline{HB}) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{TA} \cdot \overline{TB} = 0$$

$$\overline{TA} \cdot \overline{BC} = 0 :$$

$\overline{BC}$

$\overline{HT}$

$$\overline{HT} \cdot \overline{BC} = 0 \quad " \quad ,$$

$$\overline{HT} \cdot \overline{BC} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\overline{HA} + \overline{AT}) \cdot \overline{BC} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \overline{HA} \cdot \overline{BC} + \overline{AT} \cdot \overline{BC} = 0$$

$$\overline{AH} \cdot \overline{HT} = \overline{AH} \cdot \overline{BC} = 0 \quad , 0 -$$

0 -

( $\overline{TA}$ )

( $\overline{BC}$ )

:

)

(

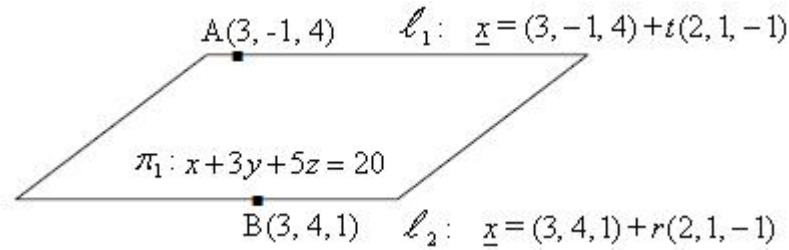
, ( $\overline{HT}$ )

$B(3, 4, 1) \quad A(3, -1, 4)$

$\ell_1: \underline{x} = (3, -1, 4) + t(2, 1, -1)$

$\ell_2: \underline{x} = (3, 4, 1) + r(2, 1, -1)$

$f_1$



$\overline{AB} = \underline{B} - \underline{A}$

$\overline{AB} = \underline{x} = (0, 5, -3)$

$f_1: \underline{x} = (3, -1, 4) + t(1, 1, -1) + q(0, 5, -3) :$

$$\begin{vmatrix} + & - & + \\ x-3 & y+1 & z-4 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$(x-3)(-3+5) - (y+1)(-6+0) + (z-4)(10-0) = 0$

$2x + 6y + 10z = 40$

$x + 3y + 5z = 20$

$\cdot x + 3y + 5z = 20 \quad f_1 \quad : \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$$a_6 = 3 + 5i, a_3 = -5 + 3i$$

$$\frac{a_6}{a_3} = \frac{a_3 q^3}{a_3} = q^3$$

$$q^3 = \frac{3 + 5i}{-5 + 3i} \cdot \frac{-5 - 3i}{-5 - 3i}$$

$$q^3 = \frac{-15 - 9i - 25 + 15i}{5^2 + 3^2} = \frac{-34i}{34}$$

$$\boxed{q^3 = -i}$$

$$a_3 = a_{15}$$

$$a_{15} = a_3 q^{12}$$

$$a_{15} = a_3 (q^3)^4$$

$$a_{15} = a_3 (-i)^4$$

$$a_{15} = a_3 \cdot 1$$

$$\boxed{a_{15} = a_3}$$

$$: \quad , q^3 = -i = \text{cis} 270^\circ$$

$$z_k = \sqrt[n]{r} \text{cis} \left( \frac{\theta}{n} + \frac{360^\circ k}{n} \right) \rightarrow z_k = \sqrt[3]{1} \text{cis} \left( \frac{270^\circ}{3} + \frac{360^\circ k}{3} \right)$$

$$\boxed{z_k = 1 \text{cis} (90^\circ + 120^\circ k)}$$

:

$$q_1 = \text{cis} 90^\circ, \quad q_2 = \text{cis} 210^\circ, \quad z_3 = q_3 = \text{cis} 330^\circ : \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

, 1

-

$$r = |3 + 5i| = \sqrt{3^2 + 5^2} = \sqrt{34} :$$

$$\cdot \sqrt{34},$$

$$(x^2 + y^2 = 34)$$

( , )  $x$  ,  $f(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$  .

.x

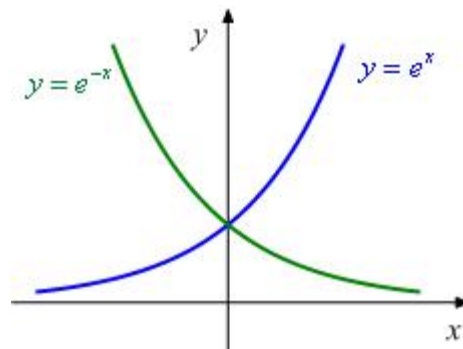
.x

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \frac{e^x - \frac{1}{e^x}}{e^x + \frac{1}{e^x}} = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^{2x} + 1}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2e^{2x}(e^{2x} + 1) - 2e^{2x}(e^{2x} - 1)}{(e^{2x} + 1)^2} = \frac{4e^{2x}}{(e^{2x} + 1)^2} > 0$$

.x

x



,x

$$y = e^{-x} - x$$

$$y = e^x -$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

x

.x

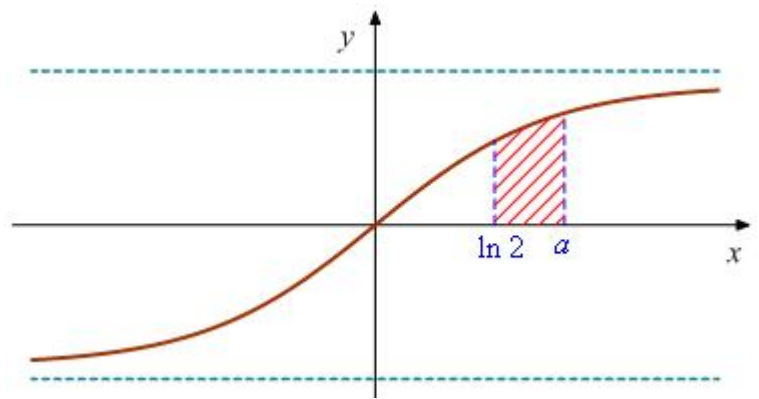
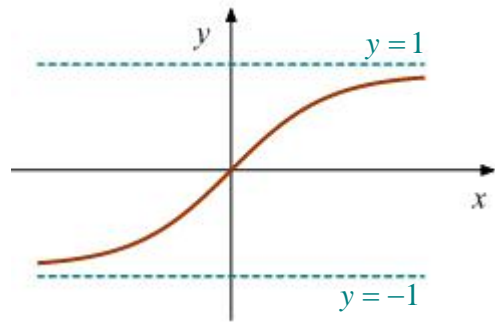
: \_\_\_\_\_

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x - 0}{e^x + 0} = 1 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{0 - e^{-x}}{0 + e^{-x}} = -1 \rightarrow y = -1$$

$y = -1$  ,  $y = 1$  : \_\_\_\_\_

$$f(0) = \frac{e^0 - e^{-0}}{e^0 + e^{-0}} = \frac{1-1}{1+1} = 0 \quad x=0$$



$$S = \int_{\ln 2}^a \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} dx = \frac{1}{e^x + e^{-x}} \cdot (e^x - e^{-x})$$

$$S = (\ln |e^x + e^{-x}|) \Big|_{\ln 2}^a$$

$$S = \ln(e^a + e^{-a}) - \ln(e^{\ln 2} + e^{-\ln 2})$$

$$S = \ln(e^a + e^{-a}) - \ln\left(2 + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$S = \boxed{\ln(e^a + e^{-a}) - \ln 2.5}$$



$$\ln(e^a + e^{-a}) - \ln 2.5 = \ln 4 - \ln 3$$

$$\ln(e^a + e^{-a}) = \ln 4 - \ln 3 + \ln 2.5$$

$$\ln(e^a + e^{-a}) = \ln \frac{4 \cdot 2.5}{3}$$

$$e^a + e^{-a} = \frac{10}{3} \rightarrow e^a + \frac{1}{e^a} = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$3e^{2a} - 10e^a + 3 = 0 \rightarrow e^a_{1,2} = \frac{10 \pm 8}{6}$$

$$e^a = 3 \quad e^a = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\boxed{a = \ln 3} \quad a = \ln \frac{1}{3} \leftarrow a > \ln 3$$

$$a = \ln 3 : \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$