

I x -  
 II y -  
 , , t -

( ) "	( )	( )		
tx	x	t	I	
ty	y	t	II	
ty	x	$\frac{ty}{x}$	I	
tx	y	$\frac{tx}{y}$	II	

$tx = ty + 80$  : , II 80 I

$\frac{25}{9}$  II

$\frac{25}{9} \cdot \frac{ty}{x} = \frac{tx}{y}$  : , I

:

$$\begin{cases} (1) tx = ty + 80 \\ (2) \frac{25}{9} \cdot \frac{ty}{x} = \frac{tx}{y} \end{cases}$$

(2)  $\frac{25}{9} \cdot \frac{ty}{x} = \frac{tx}{y} \quad /: t \neq 0$

$\Leftrightarrow \frac{25y}{9x} = \frac{x}{y} \rightarrow \Leftrightarrow 25y^2 = 9x^2 \quad / \sqrt{\quad} \quad x, y \neq 0$

$\Leftrightarrow y = \frac{3}{5}x \rightarrow \Leftrightarrow \boxed{y = 0.6x}$

(1)  $tx = ty + 80$

$\Leftrightarrow tx = t \cdot 0.6x + 80 \rightarrow \Leftrightarrow 0.4x = 80$

$\Leftrightarrow \boxed{xt = 200}$

, 200 I ,

.120 II

. 320 , , :

, 5:3 II I .

.3:5

$\frac{t_1}{t_2} = \frac{3}{5}$  :

"

:  $n = 2$  .1.

$$\frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}{1 \cdot 2} = 12 : \quad 4^2 \cdot \frac{1 \cdot 2}{2+1} = 10 \frac{2}{3} > :$$

,  $n = 2$  ,,( )  $n = k > 1$  .2

$$\frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \dots \cdot 2k}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k} > 4^n \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k}{k+1} :$$

" ,  $n = k + 1$  .3

$$\frac{\boxed{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \dots \cdot 2k} \cdot (2k+1) \cdot (2k+2)}{\boxed{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k} \cdot (k+1)} > 4^{k+1} \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k \cdot (k+1)}{k+2}$$

$$4^k \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k \cdot (2k+1) \cdot (2k+2)}{(k+1) \cdot (k+1)} < 4^{k+1} \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k \cdot (k+1)}{k+2}$$

, , - ,

( ) - ,

$$4^k \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k \cdot (2k+1) \cdot 2 \cdot \cancel{(k+1)}}{\cancel{(k+1)} \cdot (k+1)} \geq 4 \cdot 4^k \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k \cdot (k+1)}{k+2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \boxed{4^k \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k} \cdot \frac{2(2k+1)}{k+1} \geq \boxed{4^k \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot k} \cdot \frac{4(k+1)}{k+2}$$

: ,  $k > 1$  ,

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{2(2k+1)}{k+1} \geq \frac{4(k+1)}{k+2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{2(2k+1)(k+2)}{(k+1)(k+2)} \geq \frac{4(k+1)(k+1)}{(k+1)(k+2)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{4k^2 + 10k + 4}{(k+1)(k+2)} \geq \frac{4k^2 + 8k + 4}{(k+1)(k+2)}$$

( ) ,

,  $n = 2$  .4 $n = k > 1$  $n = k + 1$ .  $n > 1$  , - ,

:  $n=9$

$$\frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \dots \cdot 18}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 9} > 4^9 \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 9}{10}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \dots \cdot 9} \cdot 10 \cdot 11 \cdot 12 \cdot 13 \cdot \dots \cdot 18}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 9} > 4^9 \frac{\cancel{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 9}}{10} \quad /(\cdot 10)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{10 \cdot 10 \cdot 11 \cdot 12 \cdot 13 \cdot \dots \cdot 18}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 9} > 4^9$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \boxed{\frac{10^2 \cdot 11 \cdot 12 \cdot 13 \cdot \dots \cdot 18}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 9} > 4^9}$$

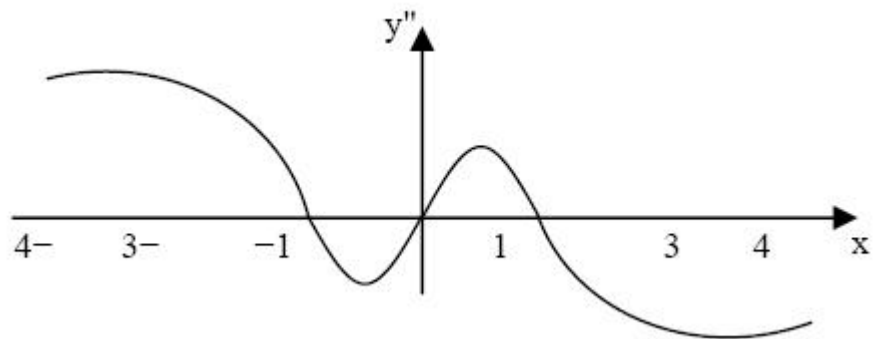
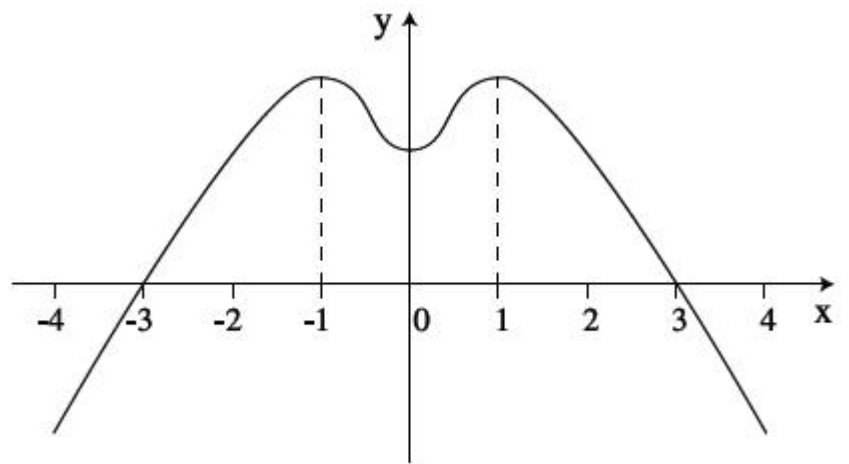
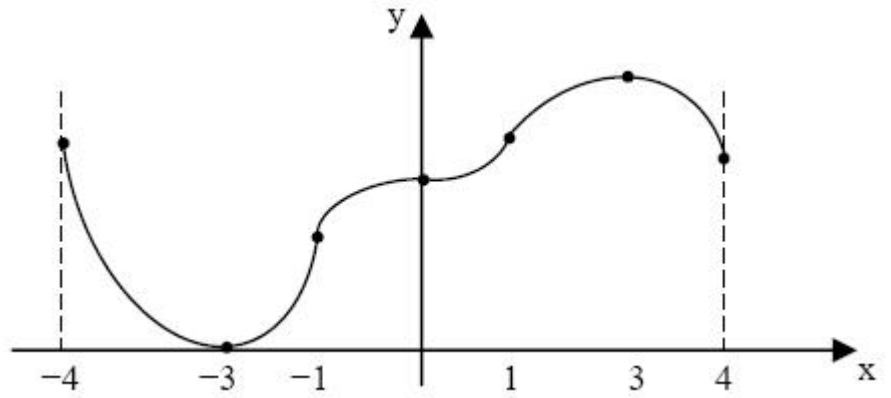
:

$f''(x)$

$f'(x)$

$f(x)$

.



$f''(x)$

,

$f'(x) \quad x = -1$

$f''(x)$

,

$x = 0 \quad f'(x)$

$f''(x)$

,

$f'(x) \quad x = 1$

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot f'(x) > 0, & -3 < x < 3 \\
 & \cdot f(x) > 0, & -4 < x < -3 \quad 3 < x < 4 & \quad g'(x) < 0 \\
 & \cdot (f(x)) & x = -3 \\
 & \cdot (f(x)) & x = 3 - \\
 & : \\
 & \cdot (f(x)) & x = -4 \\
 & \cdot (f(x)) & x = 4 -
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cup & 0 < x < 1 & \quad -4 < x < -1 & \quad f''(x) \\
 & \cdot \cap & 0 < x < 4 & \quad -1 < x < 0 & \quad f''(x) \\
 & \cdot g(x) & x = & \quad x = -1, 0, 1 \\
 & \cdot f(4) > 0, f(-3) = 0 : & & & (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{4\sqrt{x}}{x^2 + 3} \quad (1)$$

$x \geq 0$  :

$$f(0) = \frac{4\sqrt{0}}{0^2 + 3} = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{4\sqrt{x}}{x^2 + 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{4x^{0.5}}{x^2 + 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{4x^{0.5}}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{4}{x^{1.5}} = 0 \rightarrow y = 0$$

$y = 0$  :

$$f(0) = \frac{4\sqrt{0}}{0^2 + 3} = 0 \rightarrow (0, 0) \quad (3)$$

$$f'(x) = 4 \cdot \frac{\frac{x^2 + 3}{2\sqrt{x}} - 2x\sqrt{x}}{(x^2 + 3)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = 4 \cdot \frac{x^2 + 3 - 4x^2}{2\sqrt{x}(x^2 + 3)^2}$$

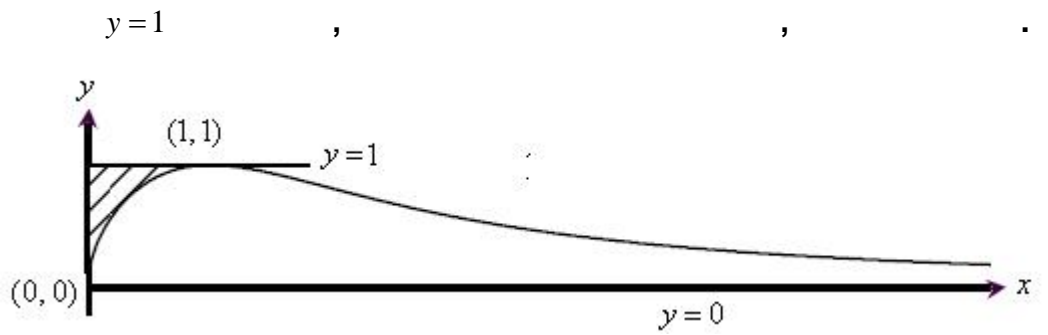
$$f'(x) = \frac{4(3 - 3x^2)}{2\sqrt{x}(x^2 + 3)^2}$$

$$x = 1$$

$$f(1) = \frac{4\sqrt{1}}{1^2 + 3} = 1 \rightarrow (1, 1)$$

$(1, 1)$  ,

$(0, 0)$  :



$$V = f \int_0^1 1^2 dx - f \int_0^1 \left(\frac{4\sqrt{x}}{x^2+3}\right)^2 dx$$

$$V = f \int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{16x}{x^2+3}\right) dx$$

$$x dx = \frac{du}{2} : \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 2x : \quad , u(x) = x^2 + 3 :$$

$$\int \frac{16x}{(x^2+3)^2} dx =$$

$$= \int \frac{16}{2u^2} du =$$

$$= -\frac{8}{u} + c$$

$$= -\frac{8}{x^2+3} + c$$

$$V = f \left( x + \frac{8}{x^2+3} \right) \Big|_0^1$$

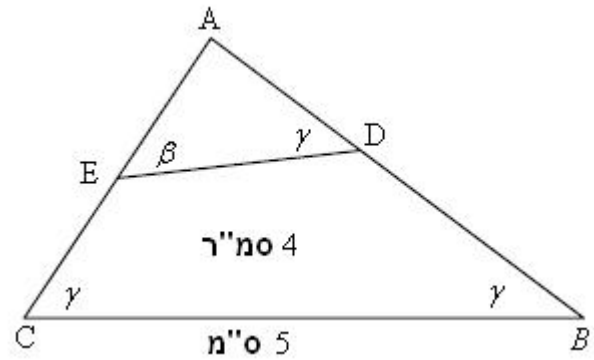
$$V = f \left( \left(1 + \frac{8}{1^2+3}\right) - \left(0 + \frac{8}{0^2+3}\right) \right)$$

$$V = f \left( (3) - \left(2\frac{2}{3}\right) \right)$$

$$\boxed{V = \frac{1}{3}f}$$

$$\cdot \frac{1}{3}f$$

:



$$\angle ADE = \angle C = x$$

$$\angle AED = \angle B = s$$

(. . )  $\triangle AED \sim \triangle ABC$  :

$$\left(\frac{DE}{BC}\right)^2 = \frac{S_{\triangle AED}}{S_{\triangle ABC}}$$

. " 4 BCED

$$\frac{DE^2}{25} = \frac{S_{\triangle ABC} - 4}{S_{\triangle ABC}}$$

: ABC

$$S_{\triangle ABC} = \frac{5^2 \sin s \sin x}{2 \sin(180^\circ - (s + x))}$$

$$S_{\triangle ABC} = \frac{25 \sin s \sin x}{2 \sin(s + x)} \leftarrow \sin x = \sin(180^\circ - x)$$



:DE

$$\frac{DE^2}{25} = \frac{\frac{25 \sin S \sin X}{2 \sin(S+X)} - 4}{\frac{25 \sin S \sin X}{2 \sin(S+X)}}$$

$$\frac{DE^2}{25} = \frac{\frac{25 \sin S \sin X - 8 \sin(S+X)}{2 \sin(S+X)}}{\frac{25 \sin S \sin X}{2 \sin(S+X)}}$$

$$DE^2 = \frac{25 \sin S \sin X - 8 \sin(S+X)}{\sin S \sin X}$$

$$DE^2 = \frac{25 \sin S \sin X - 8(\sin S \cos X + \cos S \sin X)}{\sin S \sin X} \quad : \sin S \sin X \neq 0$$

$$DE^2 = 25 - 8 \cdot \left( \frac{\cos X}{\sin X} + \frac{\cos S}{\sin S} \right)$$

$$DE^2 = 25 - 8 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} X} + \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} S} \right)$$

$$\boxed{DE = \sqrt{25 - 8 \left( \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} S} + \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} X} \right)}}$$