

$AG = BG = \frac{2}{2} = 1$, $\triangle AGE \cong \triangle BGF$

, BGF - AGE

$S = \frac{x \cdot 1}{2} + \frac{x \cdot 1}{2} = \frac{x}{2} \cdot 2 = x$

$2^2 - x = 4 - x$,

" $\frac{22}{100} \cdot 20 = 4.4$ 22% 20

" $\frac{10}{100} \cdot 10 = 1$ 10% 10

0.14 ,14%

$4.4 \cdot x + 1 \cdot (4 - x) = 0.14 \cdot (20 \cdot x + 10 \cdot (4 - x))$:

$4.4x + 4 - x = 0.14 \cdot (20x + 40 - 10x)$

$3.4x + 4 = 2.8x + 5.6 - 1.4x$

$2x = 1.6 \quad / : 2$

$x = 0.8$

.(" 80) 0.8 AE :

$\cdot -\frac{1}{3}$ $y = -\frac{1}{3}x$, $x+3y=0$ BD (1) .

$m_{mC} = 3 :$

$\cdot 3$ AC : (2)

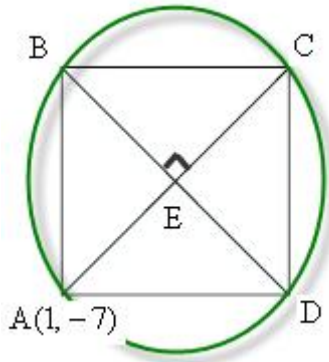
$AC \equiv y+7 = 3(x-1)$

$AC \equiv y = 3x-10$

E

$$\begin{cases} y = -\frac{1}{3}x \\ y = 3x-10 \end{cases} \rightarrow 3x-10 = -\frac{1}{3}x \rightarrow 3\frac{1}{3}x = 10 \rightarrow x = 3 \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3 = -1 \rightarrow \boxed{E(3, -1)}$$

E(3, -1) :



$(x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = R^2$

A(1, -7)

$(1-3)^2 + (-7+1)^2 = R^2 \rightarrow R^2 = 40$

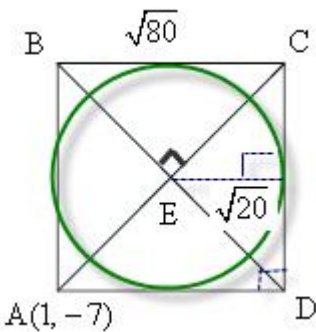
$(x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 40$:

, $AE = BE = R = \sqrt{40}$.

:BEC

$(AB)^2 = 40 + 40 \rightarrow AB = \sqrt{80}$

$\cdot \sqrt{80}$:

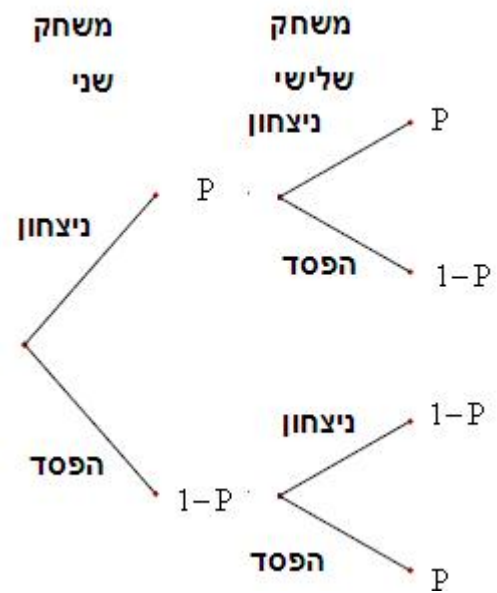


$\cdot AD$, CD .
 $\cdot \Delta ACD - AC$

$r = \frac{\sqrt{80}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 20}}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{20}}{2} = \sqrt{20}$,

$\cdot (x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 20$:

(1).



$$P(\text{loses the 2nd, wins the 3rd}) = (1-P)(1-P) = (1-P)^2$$

$$\cdot (1-P)^2$$

:

$$\cdot \frac{13}{25}$$

(2)

$$\frac{13}{25} = (1-P)^2 + P \cdot P$$

$$13 = 25(1 - 2P + P^2) + 25P^2$$

$$13 = 25 - 50P + 25P^2 + 25P^2$$

$$50P^2 - 50P + 12 = 0$$

$$P_{1,2} = \frac{50 \pm 10}{100}$$

$$\boxed{P = 0.6} \leftarrow P > 0.5$$

$$P = 0.6 :$$

. x - .

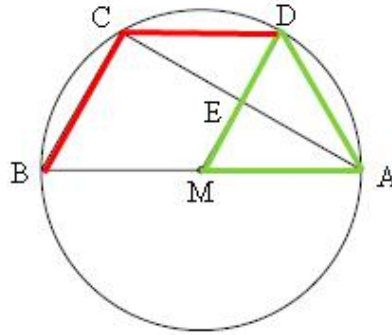
$$0.144 = x \cdot 0.6^2$$

$$x = 0.4$$

$$\cdot 0.4$$

:

"



ABCD .1

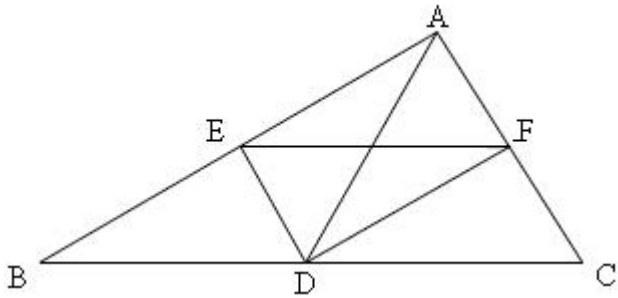
M .2

CD = CB .4 AD = AM .3

: "

. CD || BM . . CB || DM . . ME = ED .

	CD = CB	5	4
	$\widehat{DAC} = \widehat{BAC}$	6	5
	$\sphericalangle DAC = \sphericalangle BAC$	7	6
	AD = AM	6	5, 4
AMD "	ME = ED	8	7, 6
.			
	M	9	1
	DM = AM	10	9
	AD = AM = DM	11	10, 8
AMD " 60° -	$\sphericalangle DMA = 60^\circ$	12	11
AMD " 60° -	$\sphericalangle DAM = 60^\circ$	13	11
	$\sphericalangle DAE = 30^\circ$	14	13, 7
	$\widehat{CD} = 60^\circ$	15	14
	$\widehat{AD} = 60^\circ$	16	12
	$\widehat{CDA} = 120^\circ$	17	16, 15
	$\sphericalangle CBA = 60^\circ$	18	17
	$\sphericalangle CBA = \sphericalangle DMA$	19	18, 12
	CB DM	20	19
.			
	ABCD	21	1
180°	$\sphericalangle DCB = 120^\circ$	22	21, 13
180° -	CD BM	23	22, 18
.			



$\sphericalangle ADB$

DE .2 DB = DC 1

$\sphericalangle ADC$ DF .3

$\sphericalangle BED = 90^\circ$.4 :

$$\frac{AE}{EB} = \frac{AF}{FC} \text{ (2) } \frac{AE}{EB} = \frac{AD}{DC} \text{ (1) . . : "}$$

$$ED = \frac{1}{2} AC \text{ (2) } AE = BE \text{ (1) . } \sphericalangle AEF = \sphericalangle ABC \text{ (3)}$$

	$\sphericalangle ADB$ DE	5	2
$\triangle ADB$	$\frac{AE}{EB} = \frac{AD}{DB}$	6	5
	DB = DC	7	1
	$\frac{AE}{EB} = \frac{AD}{DC}$	8	7,6
(1) . . .			
	$\sphericalangle ADC$ DF	9	3
$\triangle ADC$	$\frac{AD}{DC} = \frac{AF}{FC}$	10	9
	$\frac{AE}{EB} = \frac{AF}{FC}$	11	10,8
(2) . . .			
	EF BC	12	11
	$\sphericalangle AEF = \sphericalangle ABC$	13	12
(3) . . .			
	$\sphericalangle BED = 90^\circ$	14	4
	$\triangle ADB$	15	14,5
$\triangle ADB$ "	AE = BE	16	15,14
(1) . . .			
	$\triangle ACB$ ED	17	16,7
	$ED = \frac{1}{2} AC$	18	17
(2) . . .			

() $\sphericalangle CAB = 70^\circ$ (1) .

() $\sphericalangle C = 90^\circ$

(90°

) $\sphericalangle ABC = 20^\circ$

(

) $\sphericalangle OBC = 10^\circ$

(

) $\sphericalangle OCB = 45^\circ$

(180° COB

) $\sphericalangle COB = 125^\circ$

$\sphericalangle COB = 125^\circ$, $\sphericalangle OCB = 45^\circ$, $\sphericalangle OBC = 10^\circ$:

BOE , COE , (2)
 $CE = r$ (45° -) COE

ΔBOE

$$\tan 10^\circ = \frac{r}{BE}$$

$$BE = \frac{r}{\tan 10^\circ}$$

$$BE = 5.671r$$

: , BC = " 10

$$5.671r + r = 10$$

$$6.671r = 10$$

$$r = " 1.5$$

$$r = " 1.5 :$$

ΔABC

$$\frac{BC}{\sin \sphericalangle A} = 2R$$

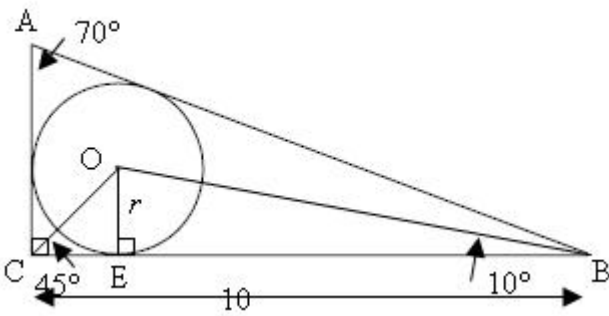
$$\frac{10}{2 \sin 70^\circ} = R$$

$$R = 5.321$$

$$\frac{r}{R} = \frac{1.5}{5.321} = 0.282 :$$

.0.282

:



$$-\frac{f}{2} \leq x \leq 2f$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{2 + \cos x}$$

$$-1 \leq \cos x \leq 1$$

k	$x = \frac{2f}{3} + 2fk$	$x = -\frac{2f}{3} + 2fk$
0	$\frac{2f}{3}$	
1	-	$-\frac{4f}{3} \rightarrow \left(\frac{4f}{3}, -0.577\right)$

$$f\left(\frac{2f}{3}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2f}{3}\right)}{2 + \cos\left(\frac{2f}{3}\right)} = 0.577 \rightarrow \left(\frac{2f}{3}, 0.577\right)$$

$$f\left(\frac{4f}{3}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4f}{3}\right)}{2 + \cos\left(\frac{4f}{3}\right)} = -0.577 \rightarrow \left(\frac{4f}{3}, -0.577\right)$$

$$f\left(-\frac{f}{2}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(-\frac{f}{2}\right)}{2 + \cos\left(-\frac{f}{2}\right)} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \left(-\frac{f}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$f(2f) = \frac{\sin(2f)}{2 + \cos(2f)} = 0 \rightarrow (2f, 0)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\cos x(2 + \cos x) - (-\sin x)\sin x}{(2 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2\cos x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{(2 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2\cos x + 1}{(2 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$0 = 2\cos x + 1$$

$$\cos x = -0.5 = \cos \frac{2f}{3}$$

x	$-\frac{f}{2}$		$\frac{2f}{3}$		$\frac{4f}{3}$		$2f$
y	$-\frac{1}{2}$		0.577		-0.577		0
y'							0
	Min	↖	Max	↘	Min	↖	Max

$$\left(-\frac{f}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right), \quad \left(\frac{2f}{3}, 0.577\right), \quad \left(\frac{4f}{3}, -0.577\right), \quad (2f, 0) :$$

$$f(0) = \frac{\sin(0)}{2 + \cos(0)} = 0 \rightarrow (0, 0)$$

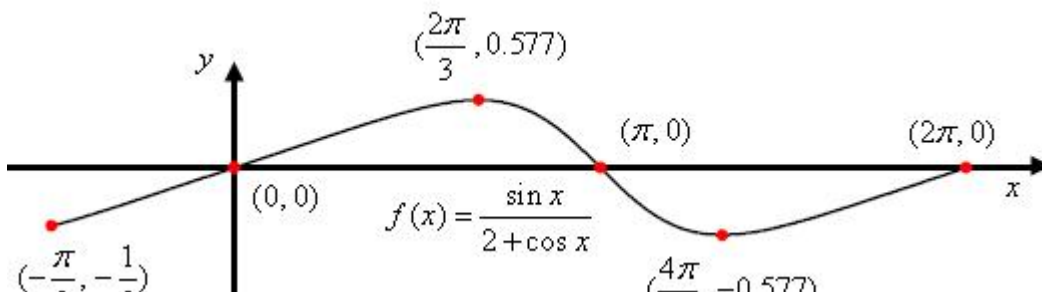
$$x = 0 \quad y =$$

$$0 = \sin x \rightarrow x = fk$$

$$y = 0 \quad x =$$

$$(2f, 0) \quad k = 2 \quad (f, 0) \quad k = 1 \quad (0, 0) \quad k = 0$$

$$(2f, 0), (f, 0), (0, 0) :$$



$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x - a$$

$$f'(x) = 6x^2 - 18x + 12$$

$$f'(0) = 6 \cdot 0^2 - 18 \cdot 0 + 12 = 12 > 0$$

$$f'(1.5) = 6 \cdot 1.5^2 - 18 \cdot 1.5 + 12 = -1.5 < 0$$

$$f'(2.5) = 6 \cdot 2.5^2 - 18 \cdot 2.5 + 12 = 4.5 > 0$$

$$f(x) \quad x=1$$

$$f(x) \quad x=2$$

$$0 = 6x^2 - 18x + 12$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{18 \pm 6}{12}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{18+6}{12} = \frac{24}{12} = 2$$

$$x_2 = \frac{18-6}{12} = \frac{12}{12} = 1$$

$$x = 2, \quad x = 1 :$$

$$y = -8x + 14$$

$$y = -8 \cdot 2 + 14 = -2 \rightarrow (2, -2)$$

:

$$-2 = 2 \cdot 2^3 - 9 \cdot 2^2 + 12 \cdot 2 - a$$

$$\boxed{a = 6}$$

$$a = 6 :$$

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x - 6$$

$$a = 6$$

$$m = f'(0) = 12, \quad (0, -6)$$

$$y = 12x - 6$$

$$0 = 12x - 6 \rightarrow x = 0.5 \rightarrow (0.5, 0) : x -$$

$$S_1 = \frac{6 \cdot 0.5}{2} = 1.5 : S_1$$

:() , S₂

$$S_2 = \int_0^1 (0 - (2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x - 6)) dx$$

$$S_2 = \int_0^1 (-2x^3 + 9x^2 - 12x + 6) dx$$

$$S_2 = -0.5x^4 + 3x^3 - 6x^2 + 6x \Big|_0^1$$

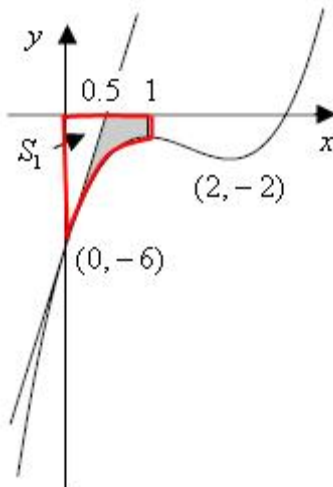
$$S_2 = (-0.5 \cdot 1^4 + 3 \cdot 1^3 - 6 \cdot 1^2 + 6 \cdot 1) - (-0.5 \cdot 0^4 + 3 \cdot 0^3 - 6 \cdot 0^2 + 6 \cdot 0)$$

$$\boxed{S_2 = 2.5}$$

$$S = S_2 - S_1 = 2.5 - 1.5 = 1$$

. " 1 :

"



b , $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + bx + 5}$

$f'(0) = -\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5}$, $-\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5}$, $x=0$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x+b}{2\sqrt{x^2+bx+5}}$$

$$-\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5} = \frac{2 \cdot 0 + b}{2\sqrt{0^2 + b \cdot 0 + 5}}$$

$$-\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5} = \frac{b}{2\sqrt{5}}$$

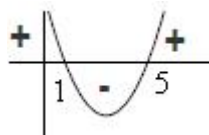
$$-\frac{6\sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{5}}{5} = b$$

$$\boxed{b = -6}$$

$b = -6$:

$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 6x + 5}$

$b = -6$



$x^2 - 6x + 5 \geq 0$

$x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$

$(x-1)(x-5) = 0$

$x = 1, 5$

$x \leq 1$ $x \geq 5$:

$y = x^2 - 6x + 5$

$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 6x + 5}$

$y = \sqrt{f(x)}$

$f(0) = \sqrt{0^2 + 6 \cdot 0 + 5} = \sqrt{5} \rightarrow (0, \sqrt{5})$:

$x = 0$

$y =$

$(\quad - \quad) (5, 0) - (1, 0)$ $x =$

$(5, 0)$, $(1, 0)$, $(0, \sqrt{5})$:

$x = 3$

$f'(x) = \frac{2x-6}{2\sqrt{x^2-6x+5}}$

$f'(6) = \frac{2 \cdot 6 - 6}{+} > 0$, $f'(0) = -\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5} < 0$

$x < 1$, $x > 5$ - :

