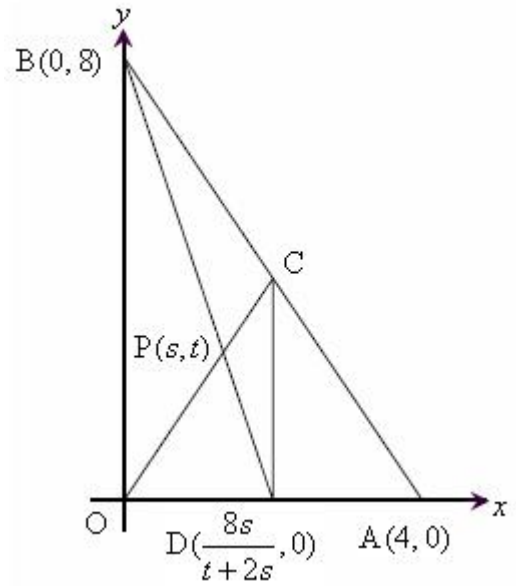


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$- P(s, t)$

$$m_{OC} = m_{OP} = \frac{t-0}{s-0} = \frac{t}{s}$$

$$y = \frac{t}{s}x$$

OC

$$m_{AB} = \frac{8-0}{0-4} = -2$$

$$y-0 = -2(x-4) \rightarrow y = -2x+8 \quad AB$$

OC - AB

, C

x -

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{t}{s}x \\ y = -2x+8 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{t}{s}x = -2x+8$$

$$tx + 2sx = 8s$$

$$x_C = \frac{8s}{t+2s}$$

C

$$, D\left(\frac{8s}{t+2s}, 0\right)$$

BD

$$m_{BD} = \frac{8-0}{0-\frac{8s}{2s+t}} = -\frac{2s+t}{s}$$

$$y-8 = -\frac{2s+t}{s}(x-0)$$

$$y = -\frac{2s+t}{s}x + 8$$

:

BD

P(s,t)

$$t = -\frac{2s+t}{s}s + 8$$

$$t = -2s - t + 8$$

$$2t = -2s + 8$$

$$t = -s + 4$$

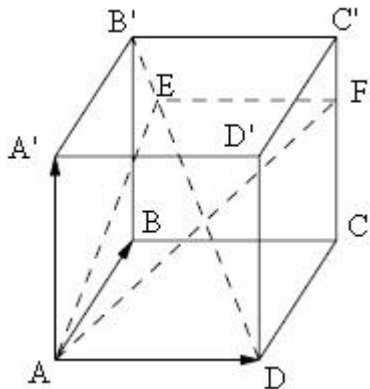
$$y = -x + 4$$

$$0 < x < 4, \quad ,$$

$$0 < x < 4, \quad y = -x + 4$$

D -

:



$$\begin{aligned} \overline{AB} = \underline{u} \quad & |\underline{u}| = a \quad \underline{u}^2 = a^2 \\ \overline{AD} = \underline{v} \quad & |\underline{v}| = a \quad \underline{v}^2 = a^2 \\ \overline{AA'} = \underline{w} \quad & |\underline{w}| = a \quad \underline{w}^2 = a^2 \\ \underline{u} \cdot \underline{w} = \underline{u} \cdot \underline{v} = \underline{v} \cdot \underline{w} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{DE} &= t\overline{DB'} \\ \overline{DE} &= t(\overline{DA} + \overline{AB} + \overline{BB'}) \\ \overline{DE} &= t(-\underline{v} + \underline{u} + \underline{w}) \\ \overline{DE} &= t\underline{u} - t\underline{v} + t\underline{w} \\ \overline{AE} &= \overline{AD} + \overline{DE} \\ \overline{AE} &= \underline{v} + t\underline{u} - t\underline{v} + t\underline{w} \\ \overline{AE} &= t\underline{u} + (1-t)\underline{v} + t\underline{w} \end{aligned}$$

$$\overline{AE} = t\underline{u} + (1-t)\underline{v} + t\underline{w} :$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{CF} &= t\overline{CC'} \\ \overline{CF} &= t\underline{w} \\ \overline{EF} &= \overline{ED} + \overline{DC} + \overline{CF} \\ \overline{EF} &= -t\underline{u} + t\underline{v} - t\underline{w} + \underline{u} + t\underline{w} \\ \overline{EF} &= (1-t)\underline{u} + t\underline{v} \end{aligned}$$

_____ , ABCD

" _____ EF

. ABCD

EF

, DC

EF

EF
t = 0

. ABCD

EF

, B'C'

EF

t = 1

(')

, AEF

DB'

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{DB'} \perp \overline{EF} &\rightarrow \overline{DB'} \cdot \overline{EF} = 0 \\ (-\underline{v} + \underline{u} + \underline{w}) \cdot ((1-t)\underline{u} + t\underline{v}) &= 0 \\ (1-t)\underline{u}^2 - t\underline{v}^2 &= 0 \\ (1-t)a^2 - ta^2 &= 0 \quad /: a^2 \neq 0 \\ 1-t-t &= 0 \\ 1 &= 2t \\ \boxed{t = 0.5} \end{aligned}$$

.0

$$\overline{DB'} \cdot \overline{AE} = 0$$

$$, \overline{DB'} \perp \overline{AE}$$

$$t = 0.5$$

$$\overline{DB'} = \underline{u} - \underline{v} + \underline{w} \quad , \quad \overline{AE} = 0.5\underline{u} + 0.5\underline{v} + 0.5\underline{w}$$

$$\overline{DB'} \cdot \overline{AE} = (\underline{u} - \underline{v} + \underline{w}) \cdot (0.5\underline{u} + 0.5\underline{v} + 0.5\underline{w}) =$$

$$\overline{DB'} \cdot \overline{AE} = 0.5\underline{u}^2 - 0.5\underline{v}^2 + 0.5\underline{w}^2$$

$$\overline{DB'} \cdot \overline{AE} = 0.5a^2 - 0.5a^2 + 0.5a^2$$

$$\overline{DB'} \cdot \overline{AE} = 0.5a^2$$

. AEF

DB'

t

$$\overline{DB'} \cdot \overline{AE} \neq 0 ,$$

$$\underline{x} = (0, 1, 0)$$

$$y - f$$

$$(0, 0, 1), z = 1$$

$$z - f$$

$$(4, 2, -1)$$

,f

$$\ell_1 : \underline{x} = (4, 2, -1) + t(2m, 0, m+2)$$

$$\underline{x} = (4, 2, -1) - (0, 0, 1) = (4, 2, -2) \rightarrow \underline{x} = (2, 1, -1) :$$

$$\pi : \underline{x} = (0, 0, 1) + t(0, 1, 0) + s(2, 1, -1) :$$

:

$$ax + by + cz + d = 0$$

$$(1) \quad c + d = 0 \quad t = 0, s = 0$$

$$(2) \quad b + c + d = 0 \quad t = 1, s = 0$$

$$(3) \quad 2a + b + d = 0 \quad t = 0, s = 1$$

$$(1) \rightarrow c = -d, \quad (2) \rightarrow b - d + d = 0 \rightarrow b = 0$$

$$(3) \rightarrow 2a + d = 0 \rightarrow d = -2a$$

$$b = 0, \quad a = 1, \quad \rightarrow d = -2, \quad c = 2$$

$$\boxed{f : x + 2z = 2}$$

$$.f : x + 2z = 2 \quad :$$

$$,f \quad \ell_1 : \underline{x} = (4, 2, -1) + t(2m, 0, m+2)$$

$$.\underline{x} = (1, 0, 2), f$$

$$\underline{x} = (2m, 0, m+2)$$

$$(1, 0, 2) \cdot (2m, 0, m+2) = 0$$

$$2m + 2(m+2) = 0$$

$$2m + 2m + 4 = 0$$

$$4m = -4$$

$$\boxed{m = -1}$$

$$m = -1 :$$

$$\ell_1 : \underline{x} = (4, 2, -1) + t(-2, 0, 1) \quad m = -1$$

$$, z - , \ell_2$$

$$.z = 0, [x, y]$$

$$.z = 0 \quad \ell_1$$

$$\ell_1$$

$$.(4, 2, -1) + 1(-2, 0, 1) = (2, 2, 0)$$

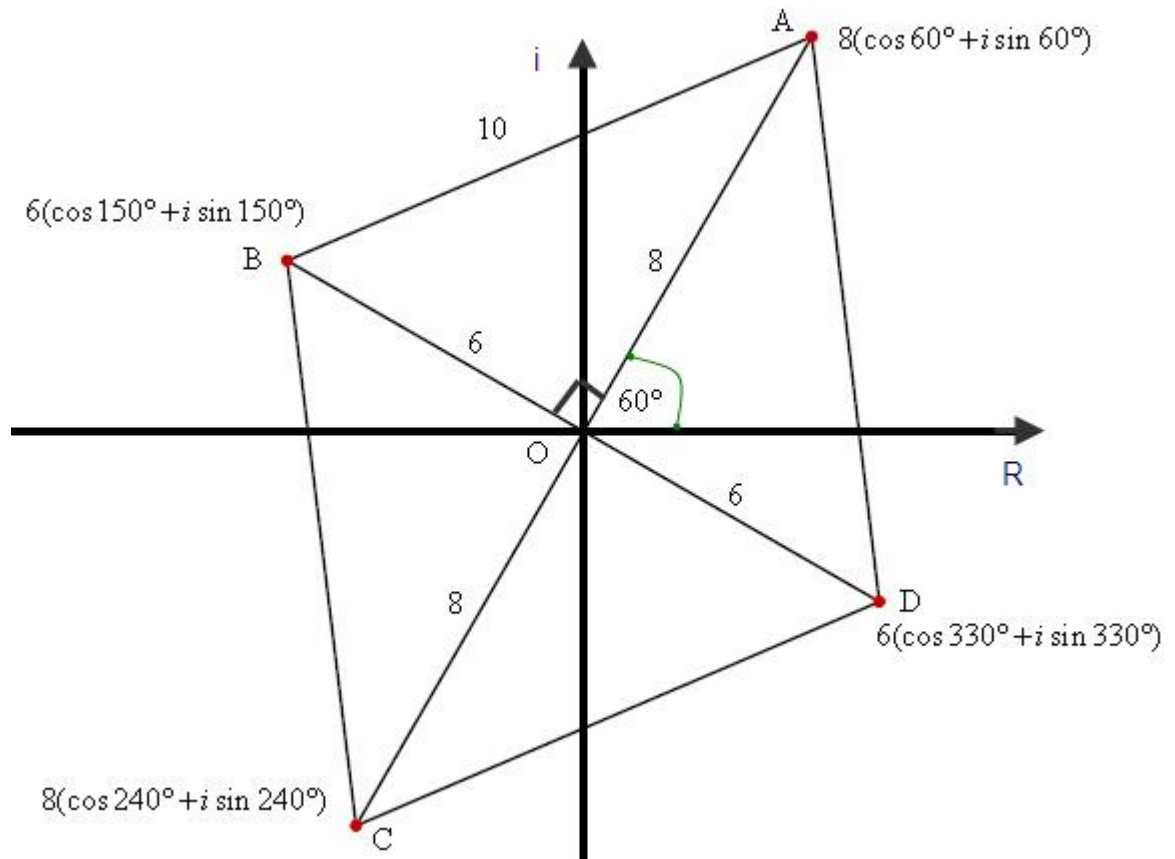
$$0 = -1 + t \rightarrow t = 1 :$$

$$\ell_2 : \underline{x} = t(2, 2, 0) :$$

$$\ell_2 -$$

$$(\quad , \quad \ell_2 : \underline{x} = t(1, 1, 0)) \ell_2 : \underline{x} = t(2, 2, 0) :$$

"



$\cdot 8(\cos 60^\circ + i \sin 60^\circ) :$

$\cdot 10 -$

$\cdot 150^\circ$

() ,

$(BO)^2 + (AO)^2 = (AB)^2$

$(BO)^2 = 10^2 - 8^2 = 36$

$AO = 6$

6 D - B , () ,

$6(\cos 150^\circ + i \sin 150^\circ) :$

$, 150^\circ + 90^\circ = 240^\circ$

8 ,

$\cdot 8(\cos 240^\circ + i \sin 240^\circ) :$

$, 240^\circ + 90^\circ = 330^\circ$

6 ,

$\cdot 6(\cos 330^\circ + i \sin 330^\circ) :$

$6(\cos 330^\circ + i \sin 330^\circ) , 8(\cos 240^\circ + i \sin 240^\circ) , 6(\cos 150^\circ + i \sin 150^\circ) :$

$$16 \cdot \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^{-x-2} + 9 = 25 \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{x+2} :$$

$$16 \cdot \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^{-x-2} + 9 = 25 \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{x+2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 16 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{x+2} + 9 = 25 \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{x+2} \quad \leftarrow a^{-x} = \frac{1}{a^x}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 16t^2 - 25t + 9 = 0 \quad \leftarrow \boxed{\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{x+2} = t}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t_{1,2} = \frac{25 \pm 7}{32}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t_1 = 1 \rightarrow \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{x+2} = 1 \rightarrow \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{x+2} = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^0 \rightarrow x+2 = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{x = -2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t_2 = \frac{9}{16} \rightarrow \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{x+2} = \frac{9}{16} \rightarrow \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{x+2} = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^4 \rightarrow x+2 = 4 \rightarrow \boxed{x = 2}$$

$$x = -2, x = 2 :$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{\ln \frac{x}{a}}$$

$$a > 0, \quad ,$$

$$\ln \frac{x}{a} \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x}{a} > 0$$

$$\frac{x}{a} \neq 1$$

$$\boxed{x > 0} \leftarrow a > 0$$

$$\boxed{x \neq a}$$

$$x > 0, x \neq a :$$

:

$$f'(x) = \frac{1 \cdot \ln \frac{x}{a} - x \cdot \frac{1}{\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \cdot \frac{1}{a}}{\left(\ln \frac{x}{a}\right)^2} \rightarrow \boxed{f'(x) = \frac{\ln \frac{x}{a} - 1}{\left(\ln \frac{x}{a}\right)^2}}$$

$$f'(e^2) = 0 : \quad , x > e^2 \quad f(x)$$

$$\ln \frac{e^2}{a} - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \ln e^2 - \ln a - 1 = 0 \rightarrow 2 - \ln a - 1 = 0$$

$$\ln a = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{a = e}$$

$$. a = e :$$

$$\int_{e^2}^b \frac{1}{f(x)} dx = \int_{e^2}^b \frac{\ln \frac{x}{e}}{x} dx = 1.5$$

$$\int_{e^2}^b \frac{\ln \frac{x}{e}}{x} dx = 1.5$$

$$\int_{e^2}^b \ln\left(\frac{x}{e}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx = 1.5$$

$$\left[\frac{(\ln \frac{x}{e})^2}{2} \right]_{e^2}^b = 1.5 \quad /: 0.5$$

$$\left(\ln \frac{b}{e} \right)^2 - \left(\ln \frac{e^2}{e} \right)^2 = 3$$

$$\left(\ln \frac{b}{e} \right)^2 - (1)^2 = 3$$

$$\left(\ln \frac{b}{e} \right)^2 = 4$$

$$\ln \frac{b}{e} = 2 \rightarrow \ln b - \ln e = 2 \rightarrow \ln b = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{b = e^3}$$

$$\ln \frac{b}{e} = -2 \rightarrow \ln b - \ln e = -2 \rightarrow \ln b = -1 \rightarrow \cancel{b = \frac{1}{e}}$$

$$b > e^2, \quad ,$$

$$b = e^3 :$$